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FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

[VOL. XLIII.] FAYETTEVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA, OCTOBER 8, 1860. [NO. 2262.]

PRINTED EVERY MONDAY.

EDWARD J. HALE & SON,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

At $2 00 per annum, if paid in advance; $2 50 if paid during the year of subscription; or $3 00 after the year has expired.

Price for the Semi-Weekly OBSERVER, $3 00 if paid in advance; $3 50 if paid during the year of subscription; or $4 00 after the year has expired.

Advertisements inserted for 60 cents per square of 16 lines for the first, and 30 cents for each succeeding publication.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

From and after this date, no name of a new subscriber will be entered without payment in advance, nor will the paper be sent to such subscribers for a longer time than is paid for.

Such of our old subscribers as desire to take the paper on this system will please notify us when making remittances.

Jan'y 1, 1858.

HON. J. M. BERRIEN AND HON. E. EVERETT.

In 1842, when the charge of unsoundness on the slavery question was made against Mr. Everett, Senator Berrien, being called on to defend his vote for him as Minister to England, vindicated triumphantly both himself and Mr. Everett. In his address to the people of Georgia, on that occasion, he said of Mr. Everett:

"He was an early, I believe the earliest, and certainly one of the most decided advocates, on the floor of Congress, of the South, of their exclusive right to determine the question for themselves, when, to the astonishment of the more timid or more prudent of his Eastern brethren, he declared his readiness to shoulder his musket in defence of them."

BRECKINRIDGE AND EVERETT.

In his speech before the Kentucky Legislature, on the 21st of December last, Mr. Breckinridge paid a noble tribute to Mr. Everett. He said:

"There is another element at the North, not large but NOBLE AND TRUE. It consists of the scattered cohorts of the *old Whig party*, of men like EVERETT, Choate, and their associates, whose CONSERVATISM, CULTURE, and PATRIOTISM REBELLED AGAINST THE REPUBLICAN ALLIANCE. Besides these, there are many thousands in the Northern States *who seldom attend the polls*, and whose voices have not been heard amidst the clamors that surround them. To all these let us appeal; let us solemnly demand a general revolt of the virtue and loyalty of the country against the pernicious principles that threaten its safety, and when all the forces are arrayed in their proper ranks we shall be able to see what remains to hope or fear."

Why Is It?—Why will the Breckinridge organs persist in trying to prove their candidate a falsifier, by endeavoring to show that Mr. Everett is untrue and unreliable as a national conservative man? Mr. Breckinridge said he was "noble and true," against sectionalism. If Mr. Breckinridge's organs tell the truth about it he has told a falsehood; and if Mr. Breckidridge has not told a falsehood, they have. If the former, Mr. Breckinridge ought not to be supported; and if the latter, they ought to withdraw all they have said upon the subject.—*Richmond Whig.*

For Bell and Everett.—Judge Bibb, of Alabama, a very influential Democrat of that State, in a letter to a friend, states that he had heretofore declined to commit himself to the support of any one until he could be better informed as to the individual who might be most successful in defeating Lincoln, and adds:

"In my recent visit to several watering places in the mountains of Virginia I had an opportunity of seeing and conversing with a number of gentlemen of intelligence, from most of the Southern States, and among them were the friends of Breckinridge, Douglas and Bell, and taking the aggregate of information thus obtained, I am satisfied that Bell and Everett stand the best chance to defeat the Black Republican Lincoln, and have determined to give them my support."

Political Matters.—A special meeting of the Constitutional Union National Committee was held at Washington on Monday. Among the members present, were: Mallory of Kentucky; Hill, of Georgia; Bryan, of Alabama; Boteler, of Virginia. The business which was transacted has not transpired, but it is understood that the members are in high sprits in regard to the result of the approaching election, anticipating the certain defeat of Lincoln.

Imaginary Troubles.—Some philosopher has said that mankind suffer more from the apprehension of troubles than they do from any actual evils of their lot. This is sometimes as true of nations as of individuals. A great multitude of honest souls in the Northern States have been fearfully exercised about the apprehended aggressions of "the slave power," and have not been altogether certain that they might not themselves, at some future time, be carried into slavery. Four years ago the Republican orators drew the most terrifying pictures of the effects upon the North of the defeat of Fremont. But Fremont was defeated, and none of the predicted evils have come to pass. In like manner the South has been taught to believe that the election of any but an ultra Southern man to the Presidency would irrecoverably injure its property in slaves and lead the way to the overthrow of slave institutions. Yet though no ultra Southern man has ever been elected President, slave property has steadily increased in value, and the two strongest things on the Continent at this moment are the Union and slavery. Whilst both North and South are eaten up with imaginary horrors of mutual aggression, neither was ever as strong, thriving and prosperous as now since the foundation of the Government.—*Balt. American.*

Judge Douglas at the West.—The Douglas State Mass Meeting held at Indianapolis on Friday was the largest assembly of the Democracy since 1856. The crowd is variously estimated at from thirty to a hundred thousand, including a large delegation from Kentucky.

Judge Douglas arrived at St. Louis on Saturday, and addressed a crowd estimated at 30,000 persons.

The Pennsylvania "Valley Spirit" announces the formation of a new political organization in the interior of that State under the name of the "Fast Asleeps," (a *lucus a non lucendo,*) who already outnumber the "Wide Awakes" in that region. They are composed entirely of Bell and Everett men.

THE STATE MASS MEETING.

It will be seen by reference to another column that we are to have a great time here on the 11th and 12th October. Our Union friends here have thrown their hearts and hands into this campaign, and will make a determined struggle in support of the great principle of the Union of the States. They will resist every effort to alienate the affections of the people from this bond of our glorious nationality, and every attempt to mislead them in a contest in which is involved all the highest and dearest interests of the people. They will stand by the Union of the States while possible, let politicians do and say what they may. The Union men of Rowan cordially invite Union men of the whole State to unite with them in the great State Mass Meeting to be held here on the 11th and 12th. Here come, and let us all lay upon the altar of our *united* Country, our fortunes, our lives, and our sacred honors, pledging to each other all these, and more, if we have it, *that the Union can and shall be preserved*, on terms honorable to all sections.

There will be a large array of the most distinguished orators of this and distant States present on this occasion, and the people coming up to this meeting may therefore expect to be edified and instructed.

The young men of our town have caught the spirit of patriotic enthusiasm, sparkling and flaming with such brilliancy in other parts of the land, and are busily employed in getting up devices suitable to the occasion; and the grave seniors of our ranks are cheering them on with smiles and means. We are in solid earnest here, and we want our Union friends every where to know it, *and turn out with us by the million!* Settle it in your minds, Union men of the State, that the *Mass Meeting at Salisbury must be attended*, and that it is not to be one of your little, cold, and lifeless affairs, that sinks the heart to despair, instead of raising it to the full assurance of hope. We must arrange ourselves beneath the stars and stipes of our country in a solid phalanx, the better to withstand those adversaries of our peace and safety, who, rather than part with the spoils of office, would break our national Union, and sink the best hopes of man in rayless night; and here, on the 11th and 12th of October, let us begin the good work.—*Sal. Watchman.*

The Canvass.—In this District the canvass is progressing admirably. The reports of the discussions at every point are cheering to the Union men. While the Douglas and Breckinridge Electors are *cutting* and *slashing* at each other unmercifully, the claims of Bell and Everett are ably presented, and the people are rallying around our standard, confident that no good can possibly result from this division in the Democratic ranks. The patriotism of the gallant Mountaineers is becoming aroused, and the result of the election in November will proclaim to the world that their love of country is unsurpassed anywhere.

Asheville Spectator.

Duplin Agricultural Fair.—We understand that the Duplin Agricultural Fair will be held at the Fair grounds near Kenansville on the 15th and 16th of November next. The annual address before the Society will be delivered by R. H. Cowan, Esq., of this town.—*Wilmington Herald.*

More Coffee.—The Brig Heindahl has arrived from Rio Janeiro, with *two thousand* bags of Coffee, which will be sold at auction on the 13th inst., at 11 o'clock, A. M., at the office of O. G. Parsley & Co. The samples, which can be seen as above, are very handsome. This is probably the finest cargo of Coffee that has yet been brought here. The attention of Merchants along the line of the North Carolina Railroad is particularly directed to this sale. Heretofore they have not availed themselves of these sales to any extent.

Wil. Journal.

Yadkin River Navigation Company.—The stockholders in this company met at Clemonsville, Davidson Co., on the — inst. G. W. Johnson, Esq., of Davie, and Zadoc Griffith, Esq., of Davidson, were elected directors on the part of the individual stockholders. On Wednesday last a regular meeting of the Board of Directors was held at Mocksville, when G. W. Johnson, Esq., was chosen President and ex-officio Secretary and Treasurer. We understand it to be the object to wind up the affairs of this company as speedily as possible, with a view to surrendering the charter to the next Legislature.—*Salisbury Banner.*

Population of Morehead City.—The Beaufort Union Banner says:

The population of Morehead the first of last June was as follows:

White males eighty-nine; white females seventy-six; colored free males three, females one; slaves, males eighty three, females seventy-four. Making a total population of three hundred and twenty-six.

A new counterfeit on the Bank of Charlotte, N. C., is thus described:—5s, altered—vig. a locomotive and cars, bridge and hills in the back ground; fig. 5 and a man's head on the left. The spurious has a woman with scale, swords, &c., on right.

Population of Philadelphia.—The census of Philadelphia is nearly complete. The population of 1850 was 408,000; now it numbers, according to the returns given, 583,077, being an increase of 175,077 during the past ten years.

MARRIED,

On the 1st inst., at St. John's Church, by the Rev. Jos. C. Huske, FRENCH STRANGE to MARY HALLIDAY, second daughter of Jno. W. Sandford, Esq.

In this town, on Tuesday morning, the 2d inst., by Rev. A. Gilchrist, Mr. JAS. M. WILLIAMS, of the firm of Starr & Williams, to Miss MARY McINTYRE, daughter of Wm. McIntyre, Esq.

In Bladen county, on the 19th ult., at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. W. B. Richardson, AMOS N. JOHNSON to Miss ELLEN L. HERRING.

In the vicinity of Oakland, Chatham county, on the evening of 1st Oct., by J. A. McDonald, Esq., Mr. HEZEKIAH GROSE to Miss HANNAH B. BURNS, all of Chatham.

DIED,

Near McLeansville, in Guilford county, on Friday evening, Sept. 28th, JOHN THOMAS, only child of D. N. and A. M. Sherwood, aged eight months and fifteen days.

Freight Received per Western Rail Road.

Monday, Oct. 1.—35 Bbls Spts Turpentine, 126 bbls Rosin, 37 bbls Soapstone, 5000 ft Lumber, 2 boxes Shoes, 23 Cords Wood, for T S Lutterloh, J A Worth, G W Williams & Co, A W Steel, E F Moore, A A McKethan.

Tuesday, Oct. 2.—35000 feet Timber, for J F Marsh.

Wednesday, Oct. 3.—56 Bbls Spts Turpentine, 189 bbls Rosin, 25 bbls Soapstone, 11 bags Dried Fruit, 12 bbls Flour, 1 box Eggs, 6 bales Cotton, 35000 feet Ton Timber, for G W Williams & Co, T S Lutterloh, E F Moore, Pemberton & Sloan, J W Lett, A W Steel, J F Marsh.

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE.

THURSDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 4, 1860.

EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

FOOT OF THE BLACK MOUNTAIN, Sept. 25, 1860.

We have had a pleasant ride to-day on the banks of the Swannanoa from Asheville to this place, where we spend the night preparatory to the ascent of the Mountain to-morrow. The Swannanoa valley is better improved and cultivated than the country on either of the rivers along which we have traveled within the last few days. There are several very handsome residences, one of them having a wire suspension bridge across the river, leading to a fancy summer house on a high hill, which presents a fine view of the valley and the mountains. Throughout almost the entire distance we have had mountains in view, before, behind, and on one side or the other. Some of the valleys and coves are very beautiful, and the scene near sun-set, or rather some time after the sun had set to us, but was gilding the tops of the mountains, was exceedingly rich. A few miles before reaching this place, (Alexander's,) we had the first view of the celebrated Black Mountain, which continued in view most of the remaining part of our way. Less than a mile from here we passed the residence of Judge Bailey, whose Law School is there, the Students boarding at Alexander's. He has the Swannanoa in front and the Blue Ridge in the rear of his dwelling. Eight miles from this place we met most unexpectedly with Bishop Atkinson and a townsman of ours on their way to Asheville. I shall have to conclude that the "Mountain Scenery" has drawn many lowlanders to this section, since I meet so many of them up here.

AT GEN. BURGIN'S, McDOWELL COUNTY, Sept. 26.

I have spent my last day *on* the mountains, the glorious, everlasting mountains! and am now, though still in sight of some of them, past all the Gaps, and Spurs, and Pinnacles, with which I have been so familiar lately. Our effort to get to the top of Mitchell's Peak was a failure, though we reached the "Mountain House," which is 5746 feet above the level of the sea, and 965 feet below the pinnacle of the Black, the point for which we started. It is no small labor to climb a mountain side, but it was made almost impossible in our case by the only lady of the party being badly and even dangerously mounted, so that, after incurring some risk, we felt obliged reluctantly to give it up, and return, after spending an hour at the Mountain House, where the scene is both vast and varied. Directly in front of us the highest pinnacle of all the great Blue Ridge raises its head. It is 5876 feet high, 130 feet higher than where we stood, yet 835 feet below the pinnacle of the Black, (which is not a part of the Blue Ridge but an independent mountain, having, however, the Blue Ridge and various other spurs in its neighborhood.) Then there towered up the "Gray Beard," the "Craggy," and others near by. Thirty miles off we saw the Hickory Nut range, which we had visited on Monday. On a perfectly clear day the Nantahala range is visible at the distance of 125 miles.

The first two miles of our ascent, the road being comparatively good, we made in 40 minutes. The other two in about two hours. Some parts of these last were extremely precipitous, the course zig-zag, turning sharp points and going first north, then directly south, and again north, and so on. On one side a precipice; on the other an almost perpendicular height, which could only be reached by skirting its sides, back and forth. There would be, however, no danger, with the surefooted and well-trained mules which we rode, if proper care were taken to provide fit saddles. The forests were grand, enormous trees below, with smaller at we ascended. The "Mountain House," which claims to be the highest hotel in the United States, is tenanted by only one white man, one negro man and one negro girl, is a rude affair, and offers no attractions except as a resting place, where a fine view, a stiff cool breeze, and refreshments, may be had. At this point commences the forest of dark green Balsam Firs which give the Mountain its name of Black. We were then five miles from the pinnacle.

The descent was made in about two hours—I walking down the upper two miles, with great fatigue, there being no means of keeping my saddle from slipping down upon the mule's neck. Considering that $3 each was charged for the mules, (the price is $2 or $3, according to circumstances, for the trip,) there ought to be better furniture for the mules. The family at the foot of the mountain is kind and polite, but the accommodations are not as good as could be desired, or as they probably will be when the proprietor gets fixed. The labor of ascending and descending to the top of the mountain is so great to any but a practiced mountaineer, that I would hesitate to advise it, especially for ladies, until a better road, better facilities, and better accommodations, are provided. And I understand that there are several other mountains that present ever finer views than the Black, though none are quite so high. In clear weather, this view takes in parts of seven States, viz: North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Tennessee, Kentucky, and Virginia. But it was somewhat hazy to-day, and if we had reached the pinnacle, we could not have seen to more than half the usual distance. We left a party of eight or ten, including three ladies, at the Mountain House, on their way up, intending to spend the night in a cabin up there, so as to see the sun set and rise.

Leaving Alexander's, at the foot of the Black Mountain, at 2 P. M., a drive of nearly 20 miles brought us here just at dark, over roads generally not so good as we have had. Our route lay over the Swannanoa Gap of the Blue Ridge, 12 miles from this place. It presented many grand views of the mountains, sometimes nearly bounding the horizon, and many pleasant scenes of quiet life in the rich valleys which abound on this route. The Swannanoa Gap is not so wild and imposing as the Hickory Nut, but is softer and more agreeable, with more and better cultivation in its neighborhood.

The Gap is the boundary between Buncombe and McDowell counties. I took leave of the former, after four days spent amidst its wonderful scenery, with a hope that in a few years I may be able to revisit it, in company of hundreds from every part of the State, in the rail car, which will pass through such scenery as no other part of the world can exhibit. As I am not in the habit of "talking to Buncombe," I need say no more about her. She is there to speak for herself. To-day I have passed the line of the rail road, where already a great deal of work has been done. One firm, Messrs. Crockford & Malone, have contracted for what is called the Mountain section, 10 miles, including five tunnels at and about the Swannanoa Gap, for which they are to get near a million and a half of dollars, taking a third, I believe, in stock. Their tunnels will be altogether more than three fourths of a mile. They expect to work 600 hands and to complete their contract in three years. Gen. Burgin, the intelligent gentleman at whose house I stop to-night, has also a contract.

At the Swannanoa Gap I saw the head springs of the Swannanoa and Catawba rivers, situated within a few hundred feet of each other, the one running West and finding its way into the Mississippi, the other East and into the Atlantic. I drank out of the latter spring.

Passing Mill Creek, a beautiful scene, a few miles before reaching here, Mr. Colton pointed out to us the rear of the highest pinnacle of the Blue Ridge, the front of which I had seen so much nearer this morning from the Mountain House. We also saw the Black and other now familiar mountains from various points and presenting various features. Mr. Colton is almost as familiar with these hundred mountain tops and their surroundings as I am with Fayetteville, and I have been indebted to him for much information in regard to them.

PLEASANT GARDENS, Sept. 27.

I came over here this morning, and found so handsome a place, with remarkably neat and comfortable accommodation at Col. Logan Carson's, that I have concluded to rest here till to-morrow. I find that quite a number of Cape Fear people have been boarding here for longer or shorter periods during the summer. It is a pleasant place, at the confluence of Buck creek and the Catawba river, with mountains and a beautiful and productive valley in view, the yard being handsomely laid off and adorned with rich grass and handsome shrubbery and flowers. It is within half a mile of the railroad route.

MORGANTON, Sept. 28

After breakfast this morning, we left that beautiful and pleasant place, Pleasant Gardens, where every thing is as neat as a new pin, and where a most bountiful table is provided. Passing along the valley, which bears the general name of the Pleasant Gardens, and which is exceedingly productive and beautiful, a mile brought us to the residence of Mrs. Erwin, where again is a handsome dwelling surrounded by ornamental shrubbery. But the farm I think the best I had yet seen. In a single field of meadow I counted between 60 and 70 large stacks of hay, some of which were last year's, showing that more is produced than can be consumed.

Here we had the first view of the Linville Mountains, with Table Rock, a remarkable and conspicuous object, which at some points resembles the Pilot Mountain, though it is much higher and larger. And at the same time were in sight of the Blue Ridge and the Black Mountain. A mile farther we had another fine view of these and of the Swannanoa Gap, 25 miles distant. Indeed throughout our whole ride of 24 miles we were generally in sight of some one or more fine mountain views. And here at Morganton, from the Observatory of the Walton House, there is a magnificent view, mountains extending nearly around the horizon, embracing the Blue Ridge and its spurs, the Linville, a part of the Black and the long range of the South Mountains. Table Rock is particularly conspicuous, though several miles distant. It is a bleak rock, rising 200 feet above the top of a mountain, having an acre of bare rock in a smooth surface, on its pinnacle. So I learn from Colton's "Mountain Scenery," for I have not visited it or any of the mountains in this neighborhood. The Linville Falls, in the same vicinity, are among the most remarkable of all the grand scenery of this Western section of our State; but they are rather difficult of access, and I have no more time to spare to visit them. Besides, I am pretty well used up with my incessant rides and tramps. Instead of ten days, I ought to have devoted ten weeks, if I could have spared them, to this trip. Then I might have seen more and with more comfort and less fatigue. As it is, I shall leave here with the conviction that I have not seen half the objects of interest which a tourist ought to see, and which especially a North Carolinian should see, that he may have his blood stirred with a more earnest patriotism, and deeper love for his State.

I must not forget to say that I am pleasantly impressed with the little I have seen of Morganton, which I shall leave to-morrow morning. The sun-set from the Walton House Observatory, where I am comfortably quartered, was magnificent.

Just before reaching town, on Silver creek, (as yellow as gold just now,) we passed the elegant residences of Wm. Walton and Thos. G. Walton, among the handsomest we have seen in this section; with beautiful grounds, rich clover fields, and a field of the very finest corn I ever saw. I feel sure that it will produce more to the acre than any I have seen. There are generally three stalks to a hill.

To-day we met three wagons, a carriage and a buggy, with numerous accompanying persons on foot, moving from Stanly county to Arkansas. And since we reached Morganton, a calvacade of ten wagons, several horsemen, and many negroes on foot, has passed—where from or where bound I did not learn.

SALISBURY, Sept. 30, 1860.

We left Col. Brown's "Walton House" in Morganton, this morning, in a coach and six of Col. B's line, which was well packed with 9 passengers and plenty of baggage, though I was informed that it sometimes carries, inside and out, 17 passengers. The distance to the railroad is 14 miles, soon to be reduced to 11 miles, and then it will be months before these 11 miles can be finished, as the route is very rough. I understand that some of the road west of Morganton can be completed before this eastern section.

There are two comfortable Hotels in Morganton, Col. Brown's, and Dr. Happoldt's. With the latter I fared well when he kept the "Verandah" in this place three years ago; and with the former I fared well now at Morganton. His is the stage house.

There is not much of interest on the route from Morganton to Salisbury. We had occasional glimpses of our recent acquaintances, the beautiful mountains, softened by distance, and gazed at with the more interest because we expected each view to be our last, before we returned to our home among the sand plains and the long-leafed pines.

At the "Hickory Tavern," in Burke, the first campaign flag which I have seen since I entered the State presented itself, and I consider it a good omen that this first flag floats the names of Bell and Everett.

Near by stood a knot of four or five county politicians, among whom one very decided Bell and Everett man was telling how he had this morning "*clim* the pole" to adjust something that had got wrong about the flag. He said he was 57 years old, and he wanted it put in the North Carolina Whig, which his son takes, that a man of 57 had "*clim* that pole." As the Editor of the Whig was not there, I take the liberty to record the fact in his stead, with the further inference of my own, that our Bell and Everett friend could not have been quite so *elevated* when he clim the pole as he had since become in celebrating the performance of so valiant a deed.

Circumstances induce me to go to Greensborough to-night, there to spend Sunday, so that I cannot see as much of Salisbury as I desired to do.

GREENSBOROUGH, Oct. 1.

I came over here on Saturday night from Salisbury, intending to stop a day or two for the first time in Greensborough.

I had scarcely closed my note from Salisbury on Saturday night, when a gentleman came in to notify me that the Salisbury Brass Band, an association of twelve among the most respectable young gentlemen of the place, was at the door, intending to do me the unexpected honor of a serenade. And they did indeed discourse most eloquent music, quite as sweet and I think as skilful as that I had heard from Dodsworth's celebrated Band in New York just a fortnight before. I was informed that they were *all* Bell and Everett men, and that their compliment was therefore a political one. In returning my thanks for the unexpected honor, I told them that I thought their music as admirable as their politics, and their politics as admirable as their music, and that I intended this as the highest compliment I could pay to either. I hope I may be pardoned for recording this incident, for I should be apparently wanting in appreciation of the kindness if I failed to speak of it. It has, however, been a struggle between modesty and gratitude before I could bring myself to write what may savor of egotism.

Shakespeare says,

"He that hath no music in himself,
* * * Is fit for treasons, stratagems and spoils,"

which can never be applicable to these gentlemen, for they *have* music in them, and they *are* Bell and Everett men. The treason, &c. apply to Yancey and his set.

I have walked and ridden over a considerable portion of the town, and am struck with the elegance of a number of the private residences, especially those of Gov. Morehead, J. H. Lindsay, Esq., R. P. Dick, Esq., Hon. J. A. Gilmer, Dr. Weir and Mr. Eckles. Several of these are perfect gems, beautiful in their styles of architecture, and in their surroundings of noble trees, and of grass, flowers, and shrubbery, to say nothing of the interiors of some of them, where I have met with a most cordial and gratifying North Carolina welcome. If time permitted I could spend several days here most agreeably. The above mentioned are the most prominent among the many neat and beautiful residences, but as a whole I know of no place in the State that surpasses it in beauty in this particular. One of the streets too is adorned by rows of over-arching elms that remind me of Elm street in New Haven, which has the advantage of age and size of trees only.

There are, as is well known, two extensive Female Colleges here,—Edgeworth, built and owned by Gov. Morehead, and one of the many monuments of his public spirit,—and the Methodist College, established by the Conference. Both are liberally patronized; the latter has between 150 and 200 pupils. I presume that altogether the students bring $100,000 per annum into Greensborough.

The Court House is a very prominent object in town, being, I suppose, by far the finest building of the kind in the State. Its exterior is imposing, and its interior more convenient, comfortable and substantial than any Court House within my knowledge.

The Poor House, also, a few miles East of Greensborough, is a building highly creditable to the county.

A few miles from town is the Revolutionary Battle Field of Guilford Court House, and near by the extensive Nurseries of Fruit Trees, Shrubbery and Flowers, which are doing so much to improve the Horticulture and Floriculture of our State, and thus to make people better satisfied with their homes. I regret that I cannot give another day to a visit to them all. Indeed I shall leave Greensborough with great regret, but with a hope that I may some day be able to repeat a visit which has afforded me so much pleasure.

AT HOME, Oct. 3d.

The Senior Editor of the Observer hopes that he has afforded some amusement to its readers by the off-hand sketches of things he has seen during more than eight weeks travel through parts of his own and other States. He is aware that these sketches might have received more polish by devoting more time to their preparation. But the time was not at command. They were to be written at night, often after a wearisome day's work or travel, or never. The only substantial good he can hope for from them is, that they will turn the attention of our own people to a section of our own State with which we have all been too little familiar, and of which we may all feel a patriotic pride. A few years hence that section will be the resort of tourists from all parts of the country.

Having reached home this morning, thankful for exemption from accident in the course of some thousands of miles of travel in all sorts of conveyances, and for my own and the extraordinary healthfulness of the community during the summer and fall, I will add a few lines in completion of my sketches.

In passing the "Company's Shops" I felt a natural pride in the reflection that it is the most perfect establishment of the kind in the United States. Since I was along there three years ago the commodious Hotel in charge of Miss Nancy Hilliard has been erected, and I regretted that the unseasonable hour prevented our taking a meal there, for her fame as a purveyor of palatable things is confined to no State.

Approaching Hillsborough, the large and handsome building erected by Col. Tew for his Military Institute ormed a prominent object in the landscape.

I could not stop in Raleigh as I had intended, but enjoyed an all-night ride in the stage, the only unpleasant part of which was the 15 miles of plank road nearest to town. The stockholders in that road—I am myself one to a small amount—ought to put it in order. As it is, though doubtless useful to slow wagons, it is a nuisance to the rapid traveler, in stage or carriage. Pray let us have a good road on the only route that pays dividends.

I must not forget to return my acknowledgments to my brother Editors of the Salisbury Watchman and Greensborough Patriot for their Editorial courtesies whilst in their towns.

MIS-PRINT.—In a letter from the Warm Springs we wrote "Chucky river," but it was printed "Chunkey river." There is nothing *chunkey*, but every thing is on a tall scale, in that section. The proper name of the river is, as we supposed at the time, Nollachuckey, (though this orthography may not be exactly correct.)

D. K. McRae, Esq., was unable to fulfil his engagement to address the citizens of Cumberland, on Saturday last, being detained by unavoidable Professional engagements in New York. He desires us to say that he made every effort to reach Fayetteville on that day, and was much disappointed at not being able to do so.

THE SALISBURY MASS MEETING.—During the few hours we spent in Salisbury on Saturday evening last we found that the Whigs of town and country were alive with preparations for the great meeting next week. Several distinguished orators had promised to attend, and others were expected to respond likewise. Thousands of listeners are expected.

They expect a delegation from this place, and we trust will not be disappointed.

GOLD DOLLARS.—We are glad to see that this nuisance is to be abated. The Secretary of the Treasury has ordered three millions of them, now lying useless in the mint, to be melted up into double eagles. The public long ago got heartily tired of them, being always liable to pass them off as half dimes. But when the sub-treasurers wearied of counting them every time they were paid in, the order was obtained to melt them up. There have been eighteen millions of them coined, all since 1845.

So ends one humbug substitute for small bank notes!

STUMP SPEAKING.—The country is alive with political meetings, great and small, and we suppose that a thousand orators, great and small also, hold forth every day and night, and will continue to do so till Tuesday the 6th of November, when the Presidential Election will come off and stop for a while the outpourings of eloquence.

We cannot pretend to record the meetings and speeches, even those which occur in North Carolina. But while in Salisbury we heard a good deal said about a very disgraceful and vulgar speech of the Hon. Thomas Ruffin, member of Congress from the Newbern District, delivered at the Democratic Mass meeting in Charlotte, and which is commented on with severity in the Charlotte Whig, received this morning. And we also heard from several sources the highest commendation bestowed upon a speech by Gov. Morehead at the same place on Friday last. The leading Whig speakers, including the Electors and assistant Electors, are giving themselves earnestly to the work before them.

At Richmond, Va., on Tuesday night last, Mr. Yancey addressed a Breckinridge crowd and Mr. Botts a Bell crowd. The Whig notices both at length.

Messrs. Douglas and Seward are still stumping the West, whilst Mr. Breckinridge, though now said to be "bushing it" in Kentucky, is mum on those questions which his Norfolk friend required Mr. Douglas to answer, and promised that he too should answer.

Bell and Everett are at home, awaiting with quiet dignity the decision of the people.

COMMERCE OF THE UNITED STATES.—For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1860, the exports amounted to $400,167,461; the imports to $361,797,209; so that we exported $38,370,252 more than we imported. But of the exports there were $56,946,851 in specie and $27,000,000 of foreign goods re-exported; so that we have exported of American produce $316,220,610.

LATER FROM EUROPE!

FARTHER POINT, Oct. 2.

The North American, with Londonderry dates to the 21st, has arrived.

The Sardinian official account gives the result of the recent battle as follows:

A junction of Lamoriciere's troops with his forces at Ancona, was prevented, and 600 taken prisoners, besides a captain, six cannon and a flag. The loss of the enemy was considerable. Six thousand from Ancona sortied during the battle, but were compelled to retire. The Sardinians were pursuing.

The Times says the Papal army no longer exists, for the 40,000 men besieged in Ancona may already be reckoned as General Cialdini's prisoners.

The Herald says the Papal army has been defeated but not dishonored.

The Chronicle says the result of the recent battle is to transfer to the King of Sardinia the whole Roman Territory, except Rome, Viterbo and Civita Veechia.

There is not a pontifical battalion outside of Ancona.

Considerable uneasiness was felt at Paris, regarding a collision between the French troops at Rome and Garibaldi's legions. The hope of more serious complications being avoided, was chiefly founded on the expectation that the Pope would shortly leave Rome. The Sacred College is exerting its influence to induce him to seek an asylum in Spain. If the Pope departs, the Sardinians would at once occupy Rome.

It was reported that a manifesto had been already prepared by the Pope, announcing his departure from Rome.

Commercial.—LIVERPOOL, Sept. 23. Cotton—Sales of the week reach 57,000 bales. The Market closed quiet, with an average business doing without quotable change for American—Fair Orleans 7¼d.; Middling Orleans 6¾d.; Fair Uplands 7d.; Middling Uplands 6¼d. Stock in port 955,000 bales, of which 760,000 bales are American. Flour quiet. Rosin dull, and former quotations barely maintained. Spirits Turpentine steady.

Particulars of the Fate of Walker and Rudler.—By the British steamer Gladiator, we have full particulars of the tragic end of the fillibuster, General William Walker. Having been duly sentenced to be shot, he was led out, on the 12th inst., by the Honduran troops to be executed. He fell struck by ten shots. The crowd greeted his fall by loud and continued cheering. His corpse was decently buried by the foreigners at Truxillo, the natives refusing absolutely to take any part in the obsequies. Col. Rudler, the associate of Walker, has been tried and sentenced to four years' close confinement.

Horrible—if True—Forty-Eight Persons Poisoned.—The Cheraw (S. C.) Gazette of the 26th, says: "A painful rumor has reached our town, to the effect that a wedding party of forty-eight persons were poisoned last Wednesday or Thursday, near Cokesbury, in this State, of whom forty were dead. The report comes in such a form as to render its probability painfully true—a letter from a lady at Cokesbury to her friend in Sumter."

Tennessee.—The proposition to fuse, which was made to the Douglas men by the Breckinridgers, ten days ago, is rejected by the former with scorn.

P. G. Breckinridge, a Breckinridge county elector for Botetourt county, Va., has come out for Bell and Everett.

The Number of Bodies Found.—The total number of dead bodies recovered from the Lady Elgin disaster, now reaches one hundred and fifty three. There are doubtless over a hundred more yet to be recovered, many of which will probably never be reclaimed.

In one of Mr. Bell's latest speeches we have the following patriotic sentiment, in which all men ought to concur: "Let power go into whatever hands it may, let us save the Union! I trust the day will never come when it will be necessary to calculate the value of the Union. I do not believe it will come if the South is wise and true to herself. I would not have her people yield one jot or tittle of their rights, but I would have them make no questionable issues in advance, stir up no strife upon abstract questions, but to do always what is just and right upon all questions."

The Oldest Voter in the United States.—At the recent election in Maine, Mr. Ralph Farnham, the sole survivor of the battle of Bunker Hill, now one hundred and four years of age, walked six miles to cast his vote.

Fell Asleep while Engaged in a very Serious Operation.—In Taunton, Mass., on Monday night, a man named Seward intimated to his family that he probably would not be seen again in this world. In the course of the night he provided himself with a clothes line, and went into his wood-house, where he was afterwards found in a sitting position, with the cord around his neck, and the other end attached to a beam overhead, he being fast asleep.

THE N. C. UNIVERSITY MAGAZINE.

The October No. of this valuable work is at hand, with a continuation of Gov. Swain's article on the "War of the Regulation," and several articles of light reading—among them the poetical Commencement Oration of Mr. Weir of Greensborough, which was received with decided approbation at the last Commencement.

The No. is adorned by a portrait of Gov. Graham, which does scarcely justice to one among the finest heads within our knowledge. It is accompanied by the following sketch of his life and character:—

William Alexander Graham, a portrait of whom graces our present number, was born in Lincoln county, North Carolina, upon the 5th day of September 1804. His family is of Scotch-Irish extraction. His father, the late General Joseph Graham, was an ardent patriot, and an active and brilliant officer of State troops in the Revolutionary War.

Mr. Graham received his collegiate education at Chapel Hill, and in 1824, upon his graduation, received the highest honors of the University. In those honors were associated with him the late Thomas Dews, a man of genius, who died in early life, a well known and brilliant lawyer of Western North Carolina; Matthias E. Manly, long a Judge of the Superior Court, and now filling so well a seat upon the bench of the Supreme Court of the State; and Edward D. Sims, who turned his attention to Letters, became a man of great accomplishment in his vocation, and died some years ago a Professor in the University of Alabama. Mr. Graham read law in the office of Judge Ruffin, at Hillsboro', and, having been admitted to the bar in 1827, fixed his residence at that place. In his new home the merits of the young man were speedily recognized. In 1833, 1834, and 1835 he represented the town of Hillsboro' in the General Assembly, and, that borough having been distranchised in 1835, in the year 1836 he was elected to the House of Commons from the County of Orange. He was Speaker of that body in the years 1838 and 1840. During the latter session, shortly after taking his seat, he was chosen a Senator of the United States for an unexpired term ending upon the 4th of March 1843. In 1844 Mr. Graham was elected Governor of North Carolina, and was re-elected by a largely increased majority in 1846. In the month of June 1849 he declined the Mission to the Court of Spain, upon its being tendered by President Taylor. In July 1850, at the accession of President Fillmore, he became Secretary of the Navy, and resigned that office in June 1852, upon receiving the nomination upon the ticket with General Scott. During the winter of 1854 Mr. Graham served his fellow-citizens as Senator from Orange in the State Legislature.

In 1836 Mr. Graham married Miss Susan, daughter of the late John Washington Esq., of Newbern, and their family now consists of eight sons and one daughter.

Except when in the public service Mr. Graham has been engaged in the assiduous practice of his profession, and he enjoys the reputation of being an eminent lawyer and a very successful advocate. His personal appearance is very prepossessing. Erect in carriage, and of great dignity of deportment,—a well developed forehead, penetrating and steady dark eye, and compressed lip, indicate all those traits of energy, even temper, high ability and nerve which have characterized his life.

The career of Mr. Graham is one of the ornaments of North Carolina. It is an ornament in perfect keeping too with her other honors; for his fidelity to principles and to promises is scrupulous, and embraces all the transactions of life, public and private. Refraining from any expression of opinion upon his political views or conduct, we may be pardoned for saying that he has developed those views and pursued that conduct with great consistency, a high sense of honor, and a courage as undaunted as it is quiet and unassuming. For nearly thirty years, in the midst of a generation whose tendencies are to the contrary, he has pursued unswervingly the path of conservatism; and such has been the weight of his character, and so great the qualities which he has offered to the service of his fellow citizens that he has found this path to lead to high public employment, and a general and solid popularity. The conservative sentiment which marks North Carolina leans much upon his arm, and there is none of her sons to whose voice in time of trouble she would lend a more attentive or respectful ear.

The excellent proportion and harmony of Mr. Graham's high qualities, moral and intellectual, assign him to a class of men apt to be underrated by the inconsiderate. Many who are struck by a trait whose effect is in some degree due to deficiencies in other endowments will pass the same unnoticed where playing only a due part in a system, as it were, of valuable and well-developed qualities. Reflection and experience convince us of the rarity and the value of men so furnished. They are of a class to which WASHINGTON belonged, and for belonging to which it has pleased many to indulge in depreciation of his great name.

Mr. Graham's residence is a handsome place on the eastern outskirts of Hillsboro,' embowered in a fine grove of forest growth, and in the midst of ample grounds tastefully adorned. Of his home it may not be intrusive to say that it has received a thousand blessings, dropping upon it like the gentle rain from heaven.

Since the year 1834 the honored subject of this sketch has been a Trustee of this University, and as such has shown himself a true and devoted son of his Alma Mater.

For the above sketch, the Editors acknowledge their indebtedness to Samuel F. Phillips, Esq., of this place, and return him their sincere thanks for the same.

Senator Davis Endorsing Mr. Bell.—On Monday, the 24th of September, there was a discussion at Holly Springs, Mississippi, in which the Hon. Jeff. Davis, Col. Chalmers, and other distinguished individuals took part. In the course of his remarks Mr. Davis took occasion to bear his voluntary testimony to the faithfulness of Mr. Bell to his section. No one knows Mr. Bell better than Mr. Davis, and no one is more competent to judge of his fealty to the South. Such testimony ought to silence forever the demagogueical cry of petty-fogging cross road politicians.—*Montgomery Post.*

The Difference.—The Breckinridge men complain that we have got a platform which no one objects to. Oh yes, there is this little difference between us and these gentlemen. We *stand* on the Union, the Constitution and the Laws, and they *trample* on them!—*Richmond Whig*

Backing Down.—The Breckinridge men of Louisiana do not seem to have "an abiding faith" in the success of their chief. Mr. Slidell, in a speech at New Orleans, lately, admitted that his candidate could not carry either Kentucky or Missouri.

Irving's Works.—More than 700,000 volumes of Washington Irving's works have been sold within the past eleven years.

Running nags are usually kept covered with blankets. The blanket lately thrown by the people of Kentucky over their Disunion nag, J. C. B., was a wet one.—*Prentice.*

EUROPEAN AFFAIRS.

Very little can be understood from the telegraphic reports sent through the country on the arrival of a steamer. So we give the following brief but plain synopsis of the news by the steamers telegraphically reported in the last Observer:—

"The details received of the late Sardinian victory near Ancona are of the greatest interest. Gen. Lamoriciere (Romish) was the attacking party, and his defeat was decisive and complete. The General fled to Ancona, which contains all that is left of the disorganized levies of the Pope. A large portion of Gen. Lamoricere's troops capitulated on the field of battle, and the remnant in Ancona have no other course left but to follow their example. Among the prisoners taken at Spoletto were six hundred of the Irish Brigade. The effect of this battle is to transfer the whole of the Roman territory from the dominion of the Pope to that of Victor Emanuel, who is now, in very deed, King of Italy. It is true that Rome, Viterbo and Civita Vecchia have been guaranteed by France to the Sovereign Pontiff; but His Holiness is said to be preparing an alocution, in which he will declare his determination to withdraw from Rome. This will relieve the Emperor Napoleon from his present very embarrassing position, for as soon as the Pope leaves, the French troops will leave also, and the Sardinians will occupy the Eternal City. The great danger to the ultimate success of the revolution appears to lie in the contest now going on between Garibaldi and the Count de Cavour. The former has written to the King, peremptorily demanding the Minister's dismissal. Austria is making enormous military preparations in Venetia and on the shores of the Adriatic, but she will not oppose the revolution unless her Italian possessions are attacked. That they will be attacked, no one who believes in Garibaldi can doubt."

The New York Times says:—

"The details which now reach us, far from complete though they are, of the defeat of Gen. De Lamoriciere by the Sardinians under Cialdini, are still explicit and intelligible enough to warrant the belief that history will be called upon to revere in Victor Emanuel, King of Italy, the prince appointed of Heaven to bring to an end the temporal power of the Roman Pontiff, calmly, victoriously, and with that dignity of unsullied justice which becomes the doing of so immeasurably important an act."

"Save in their strictly spiritual character as presiding bishops of the Roman Catholic communion throughout the world, neither Pius IX. nor his successors can ever hope to re-enter the Eternal City, if he who now wears the triple crown shall quit its gates for a refuge in Austria or in Spain, rather than disavow his complicity in the cruelties and crimes which have driven Umbria and the Marches into rebellion, and compelled the intervention of Italian armies to suppress the excesses of a foreign and mercenary horde, fighting under the keys of St. Peter. The royal proclamation, under which the army of Victor Emanuel entered the Papal dominions, will remain forever as the last solemn indictment of the Papacy."

NEW GOODS!

HUSKE & ANDERSON

Are now receiving a very large and complete stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Consisting in part of—

Rich Plain and Fancy Silks: all Wool, Plain and Printed French Merinos and DeLaines, in those most beautiful and fashionable colors, Solferino and Magenta, as well as every other desirable shade; English Merino and Cashmeres, Poplins, DeBeiges, &c., American DeLaines as low as 12½ cts. per yd.; French Eng. and American Prints, French, English and Scotch Emb'd Sets and Collars, Genuine Valenciennes Lace Do., Imitation Do., Pique & Linen Do.

ALSO, A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

Jaconet and Swiss Flouncing, Edging and Inserting, *cheap*; Valenciennes, Linen, Thread and Cotton Edgings, Ladies' Cloaks, and a few pieces of handsome Cloaking; French and English Cloths and Cassimeres; Leghorn, Florence and English Straw Bonnets, with late style Trimmings to match; Gloves, Hosiery, &c.; a few very nice Sole Leather and other kinds TRUNKS, for Ladies and Gentlemen; Boots and Shoes of every description. Together with a large and complete stock of DOMESTIC GOODS, to which we invite the attention of buyers, at Nos. 46 and 48, Hay St., one Door East of Starr & Williams's Iron Front, and opposite Bank of Fayetteville.

HUSKE & ANDERSON.

WE wish to call particular attention to our stock of DRESS TRIMMINGS, than which a more complete assortment cannot be found. Having been selected with great care, it comprises all the late and fashionable styles. HUSKE & ANDERSON,

Nos. 46 and 48 Hay St.

Gents' Furnishing Goods.

WE will have in a few days in addition to the above stock, a very full assortment of GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, which we will sell on *very* favorable terms.

HUSKE & ANDERSON,
Nos 46 and 48, Hay St.

OUR entire stock having been selected from September Importations, and purchased mostly for CASH, will be sold on as favorable terms as any in market.

We will make a deduction of 5 per ct. on all cash bills of $25 and upwards. HUSKE & ANDERSON,

Nos. 46 and 48, Hay St.

Sept. 20, 1860. 54tf



BALLOU'S PATENTED IMPROVED

French Yoke Shirts.

SENT by mail routes (freight pre-paid by us,) to any part of the State, upon the receipt by mail of the following measures, which will insure a perfect fit: for $14, $18, $24 and $32. 1st. Neck, A. the distance around it; 2d. Yoke, B to B; 3d. Sleeve, C. to C.; 4th. Breast, D. to D.; distance around the body, under the arm-pits; 5th. Length of Shirt, E. to E.

The above new and excellent Shirts are made of the Genuine Brand of Richardson's Linen and best Sea Island Cotton, and will be sold at a small advance on New York cost, by HUSKE & ANDERSON,

Nos. 46 and 48, Hay St., West End Fay. Hotel.

Sept. 27. 56itf

1860.

FALL STOCK.

S. J. Hinsdale & Co.,

—DEALERS IN—

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Chemicals, Glue, Window Glass, Brushes, Varnishes, Patent Medicines, Trusses, Surgical Instruments, Garden Seeds, Perfumery, &c., &c., &c., &c.

Are now receiving large additions to their stock, to which they invite the attention of PHYSICIANS and COUNTRY MERCHANTS.

☞ Careful and prompt attention given to orders.

S. J. HINSDALE & CO.

Aug. 27, 1860. 47itf

AVON E. HALL.

Forwarding & Commission Merchant,

WILL give quick despatch to goods consigned to him. Particular attention given to all produce sent him for sale. Consignments of Naval Stores, for sale or shipment, solicited.

WILMINGTON, Jan'y 19 1860 811lypd

Appointments.—Messrs. Dockery and Allen will address their fellow citizens, as follows:—

Wilmington,	New Hanover,	Friday,	Oct. 12
Smithville,	Brunswick Co.,	Saturday,	" 13
Kenansville,	Duplin Co.,	Tuesday,	" 16
S. Washington,	New Hanover,	Thursday,	" 18
Warsaw,	Duplin,	Friday,	" 19
Clinton,	Sampson,	Saturday,	" 20

Oliver H. Dockery, Elector of the Constitutional Union party, will address his fellow citizens, as follows:

North West,	Brunswick,	Monday,	Oct. 22
Fair Bluff, Columbus,	Mass Meeting,	Tuesday,	" 23
Whiteville,	"	Wednesday,	" 24
Elizabeth, Bladen,	Mass Meeting,	Thursday,	" 25

Wilmington Herald.

Great Mass Meeting and Barbecue at Washington, N. C.—* * To aid in promoting these great ends the Union men of Beaufort County have resolved to hold a Mass Meeting and Barbecue in the town of Washington, *on Wednesday the 17th day of October*, to which they cordially invite the Union men of the State. Distinguished gentlemen have been invited and are expected to attend and address the people.

Gen. Leach's District.—Hon. J. M. Leach is now, and has been for some weeks, most zealously at work, and has a list of appointments, occupying his time up to the very day of the election. Gen. Leach has achieved for himself a most enviable reputation as a public speaker, and on the hustings he has but few, if any superiors. We are rejoiced to see that Mr. Leach intends to give his district a thorough canvass—and we predict that the 6th Congressional district will in November roll up a vote for Bell and Everett, that will cause the hearts of the Whigs throughout the State, to leap for joy. The 6th Congressional district will give a majority of 2000 over Breckinridge and Douglas combined; and a majority of 5,000 over Breckinridge. Bell and Everett will beat Breckinridge in the county of Rockingham.

Greensborough Patriot.

THE DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE.—In a speech at Randolph Court the other day Mr. Settle made a Douglas speech, and gave the reason for the failure to unite the two wings by some action of the State Committee, called together after the Baltimore bolt. We quote from the Greensborough Patriot:—

"In reply to the charge that there was no compromise in the Douglas men, he said that the charge was daily made by those who knew nothing of the facts. He said that after the adjournment of the Baltimore Convention, the Executive State Committee for North Carolina met in Raleigh, and had authority to settle these difficulties. Mr. Barringer had prepared some conservative resolutions, which were read to the Committee. They recommended to the Democratic voters of the State to support the ticket headed by Scales and Haywood, placing the name of Douglas or Breckinridge at the head of the ticket, as might suit the taste of each voter. Dr. Sloan of Gaston and himself were in favor of Mr. Barringer's proposition, but they did not make the recommendation, simply because Messrs Fulton and Green, a minority of the Committee, said that they could not take a two legged ticket and that a straight out Breckinridge ticket was the only one that would suit their people. Messrs. Barringer, Sloan, and himself, were Douglas men, and although in a majority, were unwilling to press the recommendation for fear of embarrassing the Democratic party in the State elections."

A Rumor.—A prominent rumor about the Capital runs thus: A stock company is being formed to buy out the *Dem. Press* newspaper establishment which is to be made the *organ* of the Breckinridge democracy under the editorial management of E. G. Haywood, Esq. That the prime object of the movement is to *break down* Holden and the *Standard* is not disguised.

Newbern Progress.

The People Want a Change.—They are tired of promises and pledges never redeemed. The Democratic party have promised to save the Union, and they have nearly wrecked it, beyond hope of recovery. They have promised peace and quiet to the country, and there never was as much agitation, commotion and bitterness before. Never since the government was formed was there a hundredth part as much disunion spirit in the land as now. They have promised an economical administration of the government, and yet in profound peace the Democrats have spent more of the people's money uselessly, wastefully, than ever before. Democrats in high station declare that this is the worst governed country in the world. They declare it is the most wasteful. Senator Toombs, of Georgia, now a Breckinridge leader, declared that he believed this the most corrupt government on earth. Hon. Mr. Pryor, a Breckinridge leader in Virginia, declared that from the highways and byways of the government, its rottenness and corruption sent forth an insufferable stench. Will the people longer bear it? They long for a change. Let them rally to Bell and Everett; they are the men to restore the government, and make it what it should be.

Washington Dispatch.

Bell and Everett in Arkansas.—We are permitted, says the Montgomery Post, to make the following extract from a letter of a gentleman in Arkansas to his friend in this place. It is dated Magnolia, September 18th, 1860:

"Bell and Everett are decidedly in the ascendant in this, Ouchita, and Union counties; and it is believed by many, and even Breck democrats believe, that Bell and Everett will carry the State. Men who have traveled in different parts of the State are offering to bet largely on it."

How will Memphis Go?—We are frequently asked how Memphis will go in the coming Presidential election. The vote polled in the city, including of course the suburbs, will, according to our present estimate, reach as high as 3500 Out of this number, Douglas will poll about 1700, Bell 1550, and Breckinridge 250.—*Memphis Appeal.*

Another Letter from Hon. L. M. Keitt.—The Charleston Mercury publishes another letter from Hon. Mr. Keitt, of South Carolina. The gist of it is contained in the single declaration that "if the Black Republican party succeeds in the coming election, the issues between the North and South will be withdrawn from the Federal arena, *and must be decided by the States themselves, as sovereigns.* In this contingency my convictions of duty and policy are clear and well settled. *I shall advise disunion promptly.*" The success of the Republican party Mr. K. regards as so imminent that common prudence requires that the policy to be pursued in that event should be decided, as far as practicable.

New York Episcopal Convention.—A day or two ago a member of the "Annual Convention of the Episcopal church for the Diocese of New York" offered a preamble and a set of resolutions denouncing the slave trade as a traffic "in violation of the laws of God and the Statutes of the Republic." The proposition was laid on the table [rejected] by the unanimous vote of the Convention.

Prentice says: "A Republican editor in Indiana says that our wish is father to our thought. His wish, if it is the father of the thoughts we see in his paper, is so unfortunate as to have a very stupid family."

Anson County.—We are indebted to the Deputy Marshal for the following items in relation to the Census of Anson County for 1860:

The county of Anson contains 784 farms, which annually yield their owners upwards of $100 each. It is also estimated that there are, besides, about 200 smaller farms, yielding less than $100 annually, making in all 984.

The free population is	6,770
The slave population is	6,997
In all	13,767

The number of deaths that have occurred in the county within twelve months past, beginning from the first day of June, 1859, is 229.

In 1850 the county contained 675 farms.

Its free population was	6,657
Its slave population	6,822

The last enumeration showing an increase of 309 in the number of farms; 113 in free inhabitants; and 165 in slaves.

The population of the town of Wadesboro', is as follows:

White	457
Slaves	225
Free negroes	24
Total	706

Wadesborough Argus.

Raleigh and Gaston Road.—A called meeting of the stockholders of this Road was held in this City, on Thursday last. A resolution was adopted providing for memorializing the Legislature on the subject of increasing the capital stock of the Company—the proposed increase to be $500,000, $125,000 to be kept in reserve to purchase not more than one hundred negroes for the use of the Road. The proposition to purchase slaves for the use of the Road was debated at some length by Messrs. T. B. Venable, Mordecai, Barringer, and Davis, in favor of and the Hon. L. O'B. Branch in opposition to it.—*Ral. Standard.*

State Treasury.—Our worthy Sheriff, Wm. B. Campbell, Esq., went to Raleigh last week and settled with the Comptroller, paying into the Treasury of the State about $14,000, the State Tax of this (Beaufort) county for one year.

We understand that the receipts of the State Treasury this year will be about $730,000.

Washington Dispatch.

Coffee! Coffee!

The BRIG HEINDAHL

Has arrived from RIO JANEIRO, and on

Saturday, 13th inst., at 11 o'clock, A. M.,

We will sell, at our office, her entire cargo of

2,000 BAGS RIO COFFEE,

AT AUCTION.

D. PIGOTT, Auctioneer.

SAMPLES and CATALOGUES now at our office for inspection.

The attendance of all Southern Merchants is earnestly requested.

TERMS—As usual: four months credit for approved negotiable paper, with allowance of one per cent. Tare.

O. G. PARSLEY & CO.

Wilmington, N. C., Oct. 2, 1860. 58-ts

EAGLE HOTEL,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.,

J. M. BLAIR, Proprietor.

THE Proprietor knows that his location gives him unrivalled facilities for procuring articles conducive to good living, and he will dispense them to his guests in the best style.

Every comfort usually to be had in a first class Hotel, will be furnished to his guests.

Stage office for Morganton, at this House.
" " " Charlotte, " " "
" " " Spartanburg, S. C., " " "
" " " Greenville, " " "
" " " Greenville, Tenn., Daily, "

Besides which, good hacks and careful and attentive Drivers can at all times be had to convey parties to any part of the splendid Mountain scenery of this region, such as the Black Mountain, the Swannanoa Gap, the Hickory Nut Gap and Falls, the Warm Springs, &c., any of which are within a short day's ride of Asheville.

Sept. 24, 1860. 58-1y

New Store!

GROCERIES!

I. & D. T. HOLLINGSWORTH,

HAVING formed a co-partnership for the purpose of carrying on the

Grocery Business!

Have opened a store next door above the Cape Fear Bank, and are now prepared to sell their fresh stock of COFFEE, TEAS, SUGARS, MOLASSES, BACON, FLOUR and MEAL,

and in fact every article commonly found in a first-class establishment.

As our aim is to make "quick sales and short profits," we will offer the above at the *lowest* cash prices; also, in exchange for Country Produce.

☞ We have attached to our store the most secluded yard where farmers' wagons may not be molested by man or beast.

We would solicit a liberal patronage from the citizens of the Town and surrounding country.

I. & D. T. HOLLINGSWORTH.

Sept. 23. 58-4t

1860.

DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, &c.

JAS. N. SMITH.

THE subscriber is now in receipt of a large and SELECT stock of

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Glassware, Perfumery, Dye-Stuffs, Brushes, Varnishes, Glues, Pure Wines, Brandy and Gin for Medical use, Surgical and Dental Instruments, Trusses, Supporters, Cupping Cases, Electro Magneto Machines, Black and Green Teas, Spices, Extracts for Flavoring, Porter and Ale, Soaps, Starch, &c. &c.

To which he invites attention of Physicians and others.

Particular attention paid to orders and satisfaction guarantied both as regards PRICE and QUALITY.

JAS. N. SMITH, Druggist,
Nor. West Corner Market Square.

Aug. 23. 46-itf

REMOVAL.

JAMES MARTINE would inform his friends and the public, that he has removed from his former stand, North side Hay street, to the Store nearly opposite, formerly occupied by him as a Tin Manufactory. And offers for sale on the most favorable terms, a large and full assortment of

HARDWARE & CUTLERY,

GROCERIES,

Paints, Oils, Glass, Carriage and Saddlery Hardware and Trimmings, Agricultural Implements, Ploughs and Plough Castings, Building Materials, Mechanics' Tools, French Burr and Esopus Mill Stones, and Anker Bolting CLOTHS.

And would take this opportunity of returning his thanks for the patronage so liberally extended to him, and would most respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. JAMES MARTINE, Hay St.

Sept. 17. 53-ilm

We wish to Sell

A TEAM OF FOUR MULES. A bargain may be had if applied for soon.

JACKSON & RAY.

Hawley's Store, Sampson Co., Sept. 29. 57*4tpd

D. W. BOWMAN.] [K. M. MURCHISON.

BOWMAN & MURCHISON,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

NO. 113 MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK.

LIBERAL cash advances made on Consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores and Southern Produce generally.

Gen. Walker's Filibuster Expedition.—A few weeks previous to his departure on his ill-fated expedition, Gen. Walker visited Montgomery, Ala., where, it is alleged, he had a very full, if not unreserved, conversation with the editor of the Mail, and Col. Joel Riggs. The Mail says that Gen. Walker stated *that he had assurance of assistance from the French Government, if he should be able to regain control of Nicaragua.* He alleged that there was a perfect understanding between that government and himself, that if he would establish the institution of slavery, by law, in Nicaragua, the French Government would see that the French commercial marine should bring to Nicaragua as many slaves, from Africa, as could be profitably carried there. "The Emperor himself has been approached, and I have guarantees"—said he; or words precisely tantamount.

Walker's Execution—The Havana Diario contains an account of Walker's execution. He died with fortitude, professing the Roman Catholic religion, and saying his war on Honduras was wrong. He said he alone was to blame, and that he accepted death with resignation.

Capture of another New York Slaver.—The ship *Erie*, of this City, arrived yesterday from the coast of Africa, in charge of a prize crew from the U. S. steamer *Mohican*, by whom her capture was effected. She was overhauled about 50 miles off the mouth of the Congo River, with 897 negroes on board; of whom 860 were delivered to the Government agent at Monrovia—the other 30 having died on the passage from the place of capture. Three men, supposed to be the captain and two mates, were brought home in the *Erie*, and will this morning be turned over to the proper authorities. The vessel was built at Warren, R. I., in 1849 and is fitted up in a superior manner.

N. Y. Times, 4th inst.

Mr. Seward at the West.—The most stupendous political demonstration ever known in the West took place yesterday at Chicago, on the occasion of the reception of Gov. Seward. The number who took part in it is variously estimated at from 75,000 to 100,000. Deputations attended from all the surrounding towns. Mr. Seward was escorted to the Wigwam in which the National Convention was held, by a party of five hundred Lincoln Rangers, where he made a speech of an hour and a half duration. The building was packed to its utmost capacity, while numbers outside were unable to obtain admission. At night there was a procession of the Wide Awakes, who turned out from six to eight thousand torches.

New York Times, 3d inst.

A Douglas Victory in Georgia.—At an election held in Augusta on Tuesday last, John Davidson, Esq., for the Senate, and George T. Barnes, Esq., for the House of Representatives, both Douglas men, were elected over their Bell opponents by large majorities.

Trade with Japan.—The indications are that direct trade between Japan and America will be established. Mr. Gallaher, of New York, proposes to establish a line of clipper steamers between New York and Kanagawa, Japan, where he has a house already established and doing good business. His first vessel is to sails soon

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Murders in New York.—We see it started by Judge Ingraham, of the Court of Oyer and Terminer in New York that *thirty murders* have been committed in that city since May last, being an average of nearly two per week.

Cotton Losses.—The Mobile Mercury puts the losses of Cotton, by recent fires and water in that city, at $187,600.

Weather at Boston.—The thermometer on Wednesday morning last stood at 29 degrees above zero. Ice of considerable thickness was formed.

Declines to Answer.—In reply to the question of Gen. Blow, at the discussion at Norfolk on Friday night, Mr. Lamb said that he had fulfilled his promise, and propounded the questions to Mr. Breckinridge, which he had put to Judge Douglas in Norfolk, but that Mr. Breckinridge had declined answering them. So, then, we may consider Breckinridge as the "mum" candidate. But will not the whole people demand an answer from Breckinridge? Will they vote for him without an answer.—*Richmond Whig.*

A Floorer.—Henry Clay Dean is making Douglas speeches in Iowa. Dean was once chaplain of the Senate. On a recent occasion he was repelling the charge that the Democratic party had ever misappropriated the public money. "Tell me," said he, "who can, where the Democratic party ever misapplied a dollar." "I can tell!" said a piping voice at the rear of the hall. "Stand up then," cried Dean, "and let us hear your answer." Up popped the owner of the voice. "Now sir, tell me if you can, where a dollar has been wasted?" "When the Democratic Senate paid Henry Clay Dean for his prayers!" was the reply that brought down the house.

FALL AND WINTER STYLES, 1860!

J. A. PEMBERTON

IS NOW RECEIVING HIS STOCK OF

Fall & Winter Goods,

comprising the greatest variety of NEW STYLES ever offered by him.

He will receive in a few days, one of the most magnificent selections of

Ladies' Velvet Hats and Bonnets, and Straw Bonnets, trimmed,

ever offered in this market. They were put up by one of the most stylish Houses in the City of New York, and

MADE EXPRESSLY TO ORDER.

The public are invited to give them an inspection, as he will be pleased at all times to show them.

He flatters himself that after fifteen years experience in the Fancy Dry Goods trade, his selections and advantages will be worthy of a call from those in want of desirable new Style Goods at LOW PRICES.

He would take this occasion to say to his friends (many of whom have patronized him from his commencement in business,) that he duly appreciates their many favors and hopes never to part company with any of them. ☞ Call and see the New Styles.

J. A. PEMBERTON.

Sept. 12. 5214w-tf

Cataract Washing Machine.

THE most improved article of the kind ever offered to the public. Its efficiency and genuineness can be ascertained from J. A. Worth.

Price, $14, $16 and $20.

WORTH, WIGHTMAN & CO.

Oct. 2. 58-4t



WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES.

FOR SALE BY

S. J. HINSDALE, Ag't.

Sept. 13. 52-itf

LATER FROM EUROPE.

European advices two days later are received by the Connaught, which arrived at St. John's, N. F., on Wednesday. The political news, however, is extremely brief. It is announced that Victor Emanuel had determined to go to Naples. The Sardinian ships had bombarded Ancona for nine hours, and the bombardment had been replied to in a spirited manner. The action, however, had been suspended for a conference, which would doubtless result in the capitulation of the city! No new movement had been made by Garibaldi, whose troops were concentrated near Vitera. The Sardinian Ambassador had quitted Paris, leaving the business of the Legation to the Secretary. Queen Victoria had embarked for Prussia, accompanied by Lord John Russell. Garibaldi has issued an important proclamation to the Sicilians, announcing his positive refusal to allow the annexation of the Island to Piedmont at the present time. The Dictator declares that the union of all Italy will only be proclaimed in Rome, by which he is supposed to mean that Venice must first be detached from Austrian authority.

TWO DAYS LATER

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., Oct. 5th, 1860.

The City, of Baltimore, with Liverpool dates to the 27th ult. by telegraph via Queenstown, has arrived off Cape Race. The Garibaldians met with some reverses near Capua. Their loss was two hundred. Ancona is still invested. Antonelli calls upon the Catholic powers for assistance. The King of Naples has decreed all of the provinces in a state of siege, and cashiered the naval officers. Guyon's arrival at Rome is said to have determined the Pope to remain. Garibaldi and Victor Emanuel are still on antagonistic terms.

The Markets.—LIVERPOOL, Sept. 27.—Cotton—The sales for four days reached 45,000 bales. Market closed steady and firm at previous quotations. Flour firm. Wheat firm for white, and inferior qualities have slightly advanced. Corn buoyant and has advanced 6d. a 1s. per cental. Rosin dull at 3s. a 5s. as to quality. Spirits Turpentine steady but dull at 31s. a 32s.

NOVELTIES! NOVELTIES!

Just Received at

THE EMPORIUM OF FASHION

FOR LADIES.

A RICH AND ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF

Belfast Ginghams; Wabash Ribbed Dress Goods; Scotch Plaids; Plain, Dotted, Brocade and Plaid Poplins; Sicilian Cloths; Chene Brilliants; Byoux; Figur'd Reps; Fancy Mohairs; Lovelands, &c. &c.

Also, a very Handsome assortment of SHAWLS; Albinos', Emilines' Larlin SQUARES; French Tissue Bagdad, Double SQUARE, Chenille POINTS, CLOAKS, MANTLES and BORNOUSS for Ladies and Misses. Call soon at

GEORGE BRANDT'S,

No. 14 Hay street, FAYETTEVILLE

Oct. 1. 57-tf

OUR STOCK

Is now Complete.

WE CAN NOW say to the Ladies and Gentlemen of this and the neighboring counties, that we are ready to offer for sale, a very Large and Complete assortment of

DRY GOODS,

For FALL and WINTER wear. Our Stock is LARGE, and we are determined to sell; call and see for yourselves. HUSKE & ANDERSON

N. B. The usual time will be extended to any responsible person, or 5 per cent discount on all Cash Bills of $25 and upwards. H. & A.

Oct. 1. 57-itf

J. A. Pemberton

WILL receive in a few days a large lot of this beautiful

Salem Cassimeres and Tweeds.

THEY ARE

Made in North Carolina,

and are more DURABLE than any other Goods for the same money.

—ALSO—

A LARGE LOT OF

Rock Island Kerseys, Tweeds and Cassimeres,

of very superior quality.

J. A. PEMBERTON.

Sept. 13, 1860. 5214w-tf

1860! FALL, 1860!

MIKE SMITH

IS now receiving at the FAYETTEVILLE HAT STORE, No. 9, Green Street, his stock, comprising all the latest styles of

Silk, Cassimere, Fur and Wool Hats, Velvet, Plush, Cloth and seamless Caps;

Also, a good assortment of UMBRELLAS.

The attention of the Trade and Public generally is invited to this stock, comprising as it does, one of the largest and best assortments of articles in this line ever offered in Fayetteville.

☞ A large assortment of WOOL HATS for servants always on hand.

Sept. 21, 1860. 55-1y

PREPARE FOR COLD WEATHER!

NOW while the assortment is full and you can get complete outfits. Do not delay in purchasing your FALL and WINTER supply of

CLOTHING & FURNISHING GOODS,

of O. S. BALDWIN & CO., 21 HAY ST.

A full stock of

SACK & FROCK OVERCOATS.

Fine Cloth Dress Frock Coats.

CASS. BUS. COATS, PANTS & VESTS,

of various kinds and qualities, of OUR OWN MANUFACTURE, are sold by us at the LOWEST PRICES.

A large stock of

Umbrellas, (Silk & Gingham,) **Trunks, Valises, Bags, &c., &c.**

Can be found at O. S. BALDWIN & CO'S

Sept. 26. 56-2w

S. W. ERRANT. GEO. WILSON.

ERRANT & WILSON,

Commission Merchants,

AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Groceries & Domestic Dry Goods.

Nos. 14 and 15 NORTH WATER STREET,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Sept. 27, 1860. 56-ilm

E. MURRAY. D. R. MURCHISON. J. T. MURRAY

E. MURRAY & CO.,

Commission Merchants

AND

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

NORTH WATER STREET,

Wilmington, N. C.

☞ Particular attention given to sale or shipment of Cotton and Naval Stores.

SPECIAL NOTICE

Mrs. Winslow, an experienced nurse and female physician, has a Soothing Syrup for children teething, which greatly facilitates the process of teething by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases. See advertisement in another column.

Fay'v'e, 1860 8-1y

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE.

MONDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 8. 1860.

Electoral Tickets.

We will furnish BELL & EVERETT TICKETS at 25 cents per 100, $1 50 per 1000, or $1 75 by mail postage paid:—or gratis.

The following is the correct Ticket, which we re-publish because it is incorrectly printed in several of our exchanges:—

ELECTORS FOR THE STATE AT LARGE:
Hon. GEORGE E. BADGER, of Wake.
Dr. RUFUS K. SPEED, of Pasquotank.

DISTRICT ELECTORS:
1st District—JAMES W. HINTON, of Pasquotank.
2d " CHARLES C. CLARK, of Craven.
3d " OLIVER H. DOCKERY, of Richmond.
4th " L. C. EDWARDS, of Granville.
5th " ALFRED G. FOSTER, of Randolph.
6th " HENRY WALSER, of Davidson.
7th " WM. P. BYNUM, of Lincoln.
8th " ROB'T M. HENRY, of Macon.

THE COMING ELECTION.—THE PROSPECT.—Three weeks ago, when there seemed to be scarcely a hope of the union of the opposition to Lincoln in the State of New York, it was not easy to arrive at any other conclusion than that his election was inevitable. But lately the prospect is brightened by what appears to be, in the main, a hearty union of the three opposing forces, Bell men, Douglas men, and Breckinridge men. The Douglas party, as evidently the strongest of the three, has 18 of the candidates for Electors, the Bell party 10, and the Breckinridge party 7. And this arrangement has been formally agreed to by committees of all the parties. It is true, however, that the Breckinridge candidate for Governor, (Brady,) and a few others of his associates, refuse to concur in this arrangement; but in some aspects of the question this will help the ticket. At all events, this fusion gives us ground for hope, which until it was completed we could not indulge, that New York may be saved. The Journal of Commerce, the chief Breckinridge paper, hails the arrangement with great pleasure, and says that

"The ticket must be elected. It can be, and as Gen. Jackson would say, it "shall" be. Almost the entire Anti-Lincoln press of the State, of all shades, will support it heart and hand. The anti-Lincoln merchants will support it to a man. The Anti-Lincoln masses will do the same. And it must succeed."

Of course, if New York should go against Lincoln, he cannot be elected, for all the votes of all the other free States number but 148, and it requires 152 votes, a majority of 203, to elect.

But besides New York there are some other doubtful free States, viz: Indiana, 12 votes, Illinois, 11, Pennsylvania, 27, New Jersey, 7, California, 4, Oregon, 3. We cannot say that we have much confidence that any of these will go against Lincoln, but others, who ought to be more particularly informed than ourselves, claim that they will. 32 votes against him, from these States or from New York, will defeat him, as the 120 votes of the Slave States will be all against him, no matter how divided among the three other candidates.

As to the Southern States, a calm survey of the contest induces us to believe, that nearly a united vote will be cast for Bell and Everett. Of course this can be only in consequence of the irreconcileable feud between the Douglas and Breckinridge parties, and of Bell and Everett being stronger than either wing of that party. From this remark we see reason to except only South Carolina and Georgia, and the latter only because it requires a clear majority of all the votes to elect. If no ticket obtains a majority, the Legislature has to choose, and we have no information that will justify an opinion as to what that body will do.

Deducting 8 votes for South Carolina and 10 for Georgia, from the 120 cast by the Southern States, our opinion is that Bell and Everett are most likely to receive the remaining 102.

We give the above in answer to numerous inquiries as to our opinion on this important subject.

AMERICAN ARISTOCRACY.—Under this head the Baltimore American says,—

"Whenever a man's settled income is decidedly larger than his customary annual outlay, he is in a fair way to get a position among the moneyed aristocracy, especially if no part of his revenue depends upon his own exertions. There is something very degrading about work when it is a daily necessity, and it does not affect the case in the least whether the labor is handicraft or brain work. A retired gentleman may amuse himself in his private workshop during a part of every day without losing caste, but if the product of his industry yields him any pecuniary benefit, he can move in the "best circles" only by sufferance—never by right. His intellectual status has nothing to do with the matter. His integrity, truthfulness and native politeness are only accessories—good enough in their places, but they are never in the first place. The glittering dust of the earth—the one grand object of human idolatry—yields precedence to nothing else in the world or out of it."

We cannot tell, of course, what may be the state of society in Baltimore; but if it be correctly represented in the above remarks, it is a bad state of society. In this part of the world, we are happy to say, there is nothing degrading about work, either of the head or the hands. If there were, there would be no "best circles" here, for every body works. And we are happy to add, that intellect, integrity, truthfulness and native politeness *have* something to do with a man's standing here. We do not mean to say that money has not a powerful influence: but we do mean to say that it has far less than the above named qualities of head and heart.

There is more reason for the following remarks which the American adds, than for the above:—

"In the earlier days of the Republic there was some promise that we should have an aristocracy of statesmen. We cannot win titles, that we may transmit to our children, on the battle-field, because we are not a blood-thirsty race. We can do very fair fighting when there is occasion for it, but it is clearly contrary to the genius of our institutions to make a rank to which access is possible only through blood and powder-smoke. A nobility could not be formed in this fashion, so we made Honorables of our Congressmen. The result has proved that we were decidedly before or behind the age. Politics as a profession is not a science—it is a trade, and is fast becoming a disreputable one. The men we place in the highest public offices are not remarkable for anything but their unfitness for their positions. And there are undoubtedly circles in this country from which a man with M. C. on his card is as rigidly excluded as if the initials indicated that his business was to steal sheep. What is the reason? Are there no respectable men in Congress, and, if not, cannot we offer a better class some inducement to go there?"

WHAT THEY THINK OF EACH OTHER.—We noticed a few days ago the statement by the Wilmington Journal that a man named Bolling had sold out *and delivered* the Democratic party in Kentucky for a deputy clerkship of a Court. That was cheap. One of the Journal's Georgia brethren has been giving his opinion of the price that would have bought the party, not in a single State but in the whole Union, as represented by their best men in National Convention assembled. Said Judge Jackson, speaking a few days ago at Lagrange, Ga.—"A gentleman came up to me in Baltimore, during the session of the Convention, and said to me: *"Sir, I had one hundred thousand dollars, I could secure the nomination of John C. Breckinridge,"* and he (Judge Jackson) replied to him, "I BELIEVE YOU COULD."

Of course it is none of our business to discuss the accuracy of these opinions of the corruptibility of the Democracy. Those who express them are members of the party and ought to know. The question naturally occurs: Is such a party fit to be trusted with the government of this country?—*with the people's money?*

STUMPING "BY THE SMALL."—Mr. Breckinridge spoke his Lexington speech at two village barbecues in Kentucky last week. The Norfolk questions were flouted in his face by a Douglas orator at one of these little affairs, but Mr. B. is still *mum*.

DUNCAN K. MCRAE, ESQ.—We are requested to say (perhaps it is as well to state by a Breckinridger) that Duncan K. McRae Esq., Democratic State Elector, will address his fellow citizens in this place on Saturday, November 3d.

It may be a difficult job, but we shall be heartily glad if the other side can induce Mr. Clingman to be here at the same time.

POLITICAL SPEAKING.—Mr. McDougald, Democratic Elector for this District, and Mr. Allen, Breckinridge Elector, spoke here on Thursday last. We did not know of the speaking in time to attend it, and we have heard nothing of it since except from a Breckinridger, whose account of it was not very complimentary.

STATE ELECTIONS.—South Carolina elects members of the Legislature to-day. Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, and Iowa elect State officers and Representatives to Congress to-morrow.

Florida elected Governor, Legislature and member of Congress on Monday last. But two counties have been fully heard from; Escambia, which gives a Union majority of near 300 instead of as heretofore a Democratic majority, and Nassau, which gives 150 Democratic majority. In Leon County, the whole Democratic ticket is elected to the Legislature. Among those elected in Leon are two former North Carolinians, Col. J. J. Williams (leading the ticket) and Mr. Cole. Among those beaten are three North Carolinians, Messrs. Shine, Allston, and Joel Blake.

A Savannah telegraphic dispatch of the 5th inst. says that Fernandina and Jacksonville papers estimate Milton's (Democrat) majority for Governor at 2,000.

POLITICAL DEMONSTRATIONS.—The New York Times fills a page with an account of the great Wide-Awake demonstration in that city on Wednesday night last.

It is said to have been "one of the most brilliant affairs in the annals of our political history. By actual count there were more than eleven thousand five hundred torches in procession, and this without including numerous small Clubs detailed to rouse up and awaken the public in portions of the City not traversed by the main Republican army."

5000 of them were from States, cities and towns distant from New York, besides many from Brooklyn and other neighboring cities. The "World" says that "the youth of the wide-awakes was noticed by all," they "were scoffed at as mere boys, precluded by law from doing practical work at the polls."

The Anti-Lincoln men have a great demonstration this (Monday) evening.

THE MISSOURI GOVERNOR.—Quite a stir has been made by our Democratic exchanges in this section over a discovery that the Governor of Missouri (lately elected) is a Breckinridge and not a Douglas man. We suppose that the Governor must have given them some reason to think so in the speech from which they published extracts, though it is not at all unlikely that the extracts have been garbled. Be this as it may, the Governor is out with a flat contradiction of the whole story. He says that he went to the Breckinridge convention in hopes of making some arrangement of the party difficulties. But he "challenges any man present to say that I uttered any remark in the Breckinridge Convention indicating I had changed or designed supporting Breckinridge and Lane." "To prevent all misapprehension I think that it is my duty to support him [Douglas] as the nominee of the party. If I live until November I will vote for Douglas, and I have never said that I intended anything else."

ALABAMA FOR BELL AND EVERETT.—The Montgomery (Ala.) Post mentions two prominent democrats of that county, and two of that city, who have come over to Bell and Everett, being satisfied that they present the only chance of beating the black republicans. One of them is a distinguished lawyer, elected to the Legislature last year by the Democrats, over a popular opposition man and overcoming a party majority against him. Another is one of the largest slaveholders in the country. The Post says that these are only the most prominent among a number of like cases.

VIRGINIA.—In passing through Virginia a week or two ago we heard frequently that there was no doubt of the triumph of Bell and Everett in that State. And we can well believe it from the following statement of the Charlestown Free Press, which says,—

"Jefferson county [in which Charlestown is situated] will cast, at the November election, about 1,800 votes. In 1855 Buchanan's majority over Fillmore was 100. In 1860 John Bell will receive about 1,000 votes, Douglas about 425 and Breckinridge 375. We feel confident that Bell's majority over Breckinridge will be about 600."

MISSISSIPPI.—A Douglas correspondent of the Cincinnati Enquirer (a Douglas paper,) writes from Oxford, Miss., that

"The Democratic vote of the State is so irreparably sundered that the signs of the times would indicate the success of the Opposition. The usual Democratic majority is from 8,000 to 11,000, and this at times when the Opposition spirit was at Iceland temperature. Conceding that Douglas will get the number of votes allotted to him on all sides—15,000—you at once see that Bell stands a good chance of getting the electoral vote of this State. To this many a patriotic heart will say, Amen. If Douglas cannot carry it, and the vote of the State is to be cast in the choice of a President, all true and good men will unite in acclaims of joy at a Bell victory or success, and the rebuke of hydra-headed disunion in his very boasted stronghold. To tell you candidly, I believe that Bell and Everett will carry Mississippi at the election in November."

POLITICAL CHANGES.—A tremendous amount of indignation has been vented upon Mr. Douglas for his declarations at Norfolk that he would, as Senator or President, perform his sworn duty and enforce the laws against resistance from any quarter. By way of refreshing the recollections of our Breckinridge people, a few facts may be cited from a statement just issued as to the action of their predecessors in 1833. Gen. Jackson's noted "Force Bill" for the coercion of South Carolina was then the great question of the day. It passed the Senate of the United States with but *one* vote against it! It passed the House by a vote of *three to one!* And among those who voted for it were Lauchlin Bethune and James I. McKay of North Carolina. Mr. Bethune then represented this District, and Gen. McKay the Wilmington District.

The leading Democrats of that day voted for the Bill. Among them we note, Democratic President Polk, and Democratic Vice Presidents R. M. Johnson and Geo. M. Dallas.

The law was passed in response to Gen. Jackson's special message, Jan'y 16 1833, when he communicated to Congress copies of the Ordinance of South Carolina, reviewed the laws of the State passed to enforce it, and invoked the Representatives of the people solemnly to proclaim *"that the Constitution and the laws are supreme and the Union* INDISSOLUBLE."

COMING TO THE BELL PLATFORM.—Judge Douglas was speaking in Ohio last week, and in the course of an answer to some question said:—

"I expect in all cases to stand by and carry out the decisions of the highest judicial tribunals, whether I like them or not. [Great applause.] You must either obey the law as the Court expounds it, or you must resort to mob law. [Cheers. A voice—"You are on the Bell-Everett Platform, ain't you?"]

Mr. Douglas—I am in favor of the "Constitution, the Union, and the enforcement of the laws." [Great laughter and applause."]

N. C. TOBACCO.—The High Point Reporter mentions the sale, in Richmond, Va., of twelve hhds. of tobacco made in Forsyth county by Mr. Henry Hart. One hhd. brought $80 50 per 100 lbs, another $52 25; eight, including the above, averaged $24 50 per 100 lbs.

Such sales show that there is excellent tobacco land in that section of the State, and we doubt not the article will be cultivated there extensively, for it is one of the most profitable crops, where the land is suitable.

GREAT STATE MASS MEETING

OF THE FRIENDS OF

BELL AND EVERETT,

The Union, the Constitution, and the Enforcement of the Laws,

AT SALISBURY,

On Thursday and Friday,

October 11th and 12th, 1860.

Bell and Everett Mass Meeting in Moore.

At Fair Haven, Moore county, on SATURDAY the 20th OF OCTOBER NEXT, there will be a UNION MASS MEETING in favor of the election of Bell and Everett. A large assemblage of people is expected, and gentlemen in favor of their election are respectfully invited to attend and make speeches, with as many of the Electors as may be able to be present. Come to Fair Haven; we want a great and good time.

Bell and Everett Pole Raising and Barbecue in Richmond.

There is expected to be a Bell and Everett Flag and Pole Raising, at the Mineral Springs in Richmond county, on the 20th October next; and a Free Barbecue given on the day of Election. Speaking is expected on both occasions, to which the public generally is invited.

BELL & EVERETT MASS MEETING AND BARBECUE IN RANDOLPH CO.

At Middleton Academy, near Cedar Falls, on Thursday the 18th of October, there will be a Union Mass Meeting in favor of the election of Bell and Everett, and also a Barbecue.

A. G. Foster, Wm. A. Graham, George E. Badger, Edwin G. Reade, and J. M. Leach are expected to be there and address the people.

The people of all parties are respectfully invited to attend, and we expect a very large turnout.

SALES OF LAND IN THIS NEIGHBORHOOD.—We learn that Maj. John T. Gilmore has recently sold to Mr. Johnson of Bladen, 300 acres of swamp and 100 acres of pine land (all one tract) for $25 per acre. Ten years ago this land was worth about $1 an acre. It is unimproved.

Five years ago R. M. Devane Esq. bought a tract of land for $2200; improved it slightly at an expense of $300 to $400; sold a part (including the improvement) for $1,000; and has sold the remainder for $3,500.

These sales were in the Terebinthe neighborhood, near the Bladen County line; and in the same neighborhood an offer of $3,500 for a tract of land bought nine years since for $1,250 has been declined by the owner.

Mr. Johnson, who bought the lands from Maj. Gilmore, sold his own lands on the Colly Swamp in Bladen for $32 50 per acre—a very large advance on their recent value, but how much we cannot precisely state.

We are glad to see these signs that Cape Fear lands are approximating to their proper value as compared with those in other States and other parts of our own State. Lands in Buncombe and McDowell are actually higher than in this section of the State.

FATAL RAILROAD COLLISION.—We learn from the Wilmington papers that a freight train ran full speed into a passenger train, at Everettsville, 6 miles south of Goldsborough, on Friday evening last, by which Mr. Coman, baggage agent, was instantly killed, and Mr. W. H. Laspeyre, Conductor, was so badly crushed that there is no hope of his recovery. The Herald learns that the engineer of the freight train was drunk, and that as soon as he came to his senses he took to the woods.

HIGH POINT.—We learn from the Reporter that the Deputy Marshal gives the following as the population of the handsome town which has grown up at the crossing of the railroad and the plank road in Guilford co:—

Number of families, 93.	
" " White males,	260
" " " Females,	297
" " Free negroes,	22
" " Slaves,	88
Total,	667

MARRIED,

On the 3d inst., in Columbus county, N. C., by Rev. J. L. Prichard, Rev. J. R. KELLY and Miss SARAH MARIAH, daughter of Robert M. McRackan, Esq.

On Tuesday morning, the 2d inst., by Rev. T. R. Walsh, Mr. WILLIAM B. LITTLE to Miss ELIZA JOHN, daughter of the late Wm. J. Ledbetter, all of Anson.

DIED,

In this place, on the 5th inst., Miss MARY MURPHY, aged about 80 years.

WANTED,

FIFTY LARGE MEN to buy Clothing suited to their size. Large men need not go out of Fayetteville to get fitted with wearing apparel.

We manufacture our own CLOTHING and can fit you, twenty-five per cent. less than you can have it made to measure. O. S. BALDWIN & CO.,
Clothiers, &c., 21 Hay St.

1000 SUITS

OF NEGRO CLOTHES, furnished upon contract, at short notice.
Call and see samples at O. S. BALDWIN & CO'S.

☞ A beautiful lot of Cass. Bus. Frocks, Fine Black Dress Frocks, Silk, Velvet, Cass. and other kinds Vests, **Blk.** and **Col'd Cass. Pants,** our own manufacture, selling at very small profits, at O. S. BALDWIN & CO'S.

Under Garments, &c.

HEAVY SILK, CASHMERE, MERINO, &c., UNDER SHIRTS, SILK, MERO. and COTTON HOSIERY, TIES, CRAVATS, SCARFS, GLOVES, &c., at the Clothing House of O. S. BALDWIN & CO.
Sept. 5. 59-2w

Fall Stock of

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

We are now receiving a very full supply of
Law, Medical and Miscellaneous Books; School Books; Blank Books; Writing Papers; Envelopes, &c.
E. J. HALE & SON.
October 8, 1860.

CRANBERRIES.

A FEW bushels very FINE MOUNTAIN CRANBERRIES, just received and for sale by
W. H. CARVER.
Oct. 8. 59-3t

NOTICE TO ADDISON SPIKES.

IF ADDISON SPIKES, formerly of Wake County, will notify me where he may be found, he will hear something to his advantage.
KEMP P. BATTLE, Att'y.
Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 5. 59*6t

W. J. Myrover having taken the rooms over Dr. T. D. Haigh's Office, on Hay Street, will give lessons in French, either in classes, at a reduced price, or private lessons; and will also give lessons in Drawing, Painting, Pastel and Monochromatic. He will be at his rooms from 9 A. M. to 1 P. M.
Oct. 2. 58-i3t

New York Ledger for Oct. 13th.
Oct. 8. E. J. HALE & SON.

LIME.

100 CASKS UNSLAKED in prime order, for sale by
PEMBERTON & SLOAN.
Sept. 13, 1860. 52itf

Foreign.—Synopsis of News by the City of Baltimore.—The Sardinian forces continued their advance into the Papal States, and had captured the fortress of Santo Leo. The bombardment of Ancona by sea and land continued. Garibaldi had concentrated his troops on the heights of Valtoona, preparatory to attacking the Neapolitans. The Dictator had issued a fresh proclamation, indicating that he would join the Sardinian troops at Rome and begin a march against Venice. The official journal at Rome contains the note of Cardinal Antonelli, claiming the assistance of the Catholic Powers. The breach between Garibaldi and the Count de Cavour threatens to be a serious obstacle to the complete success of the revolution. It is reported that Victor Emanuel will go to Naples for a personal interview with Garibaldi. Further details of Lamoriciere's defeat near Ancona show that 600 prisoners were taken by the Sardinians, and that 4,000 of the Papal troops capitulated.

Serious Difficulty.—A gentleman who came over from Washington Thursday night reports a serious incident as having occurred that day between Mr. John Grice and a couple of the Mr. Lathams, in which the former received three shots into his abdomen, which it is thought would prove fatal.—*Newbern Progress.*

Senator Crittenden and the Presidential Contest.—The Louisville Bulletin publishes a letter of Hon. John J. Crittenden's to his admirers in New-Albany, Indiana, asking a speech defining their duty as Indianians in the present crisis. Mr. Crittenden declines speaking, but writes:

"If I were a voter in the State of Indiana, and believed there was no probability that Bell could carry the State by its popular vote, then I would unhesitatingly give my vote to Mr. Douglas, and I should do this thinking that thereby I performed my duty as a true Union man, and rendered to my country and to Bell and Everett, the candidates of my choice, the best service that circumstances permitted me to do."

FAYETTEVILLE MARKET.—October 8.

BACON,	13 a 15	IRON—	
BEESWAX,	28 a 30	Swedes, com. bar	6 a 6½
CANDLES, F. F.	18 a	Ditto, wide	7 a 7½
Adamantine	25 a 30	American	5½ a 6
Sperm	45 a 55	English	4 a 4½
COFFEE—Rio	15 a 16	LARD,	14 a 15
Laguira	17 a 18	LEAD,	8½ a
Java	18 a 20	MOLASSES—	
COTTON—		Cuba	28 a 30
Fair to good	10 a 10½	N. Orleans	50 a 00
Ordin. to mid.	7½ a 8½	OIL—Linseed	1 00 a 0 00
COTTON BAGGING—		Tanner's	70 a 1 00
Gunny	18 a 20	SALT—	
Dundee	18 a 20	Liv. Sack	1 50 a 0 00
COTTON YARN—		Alum	50 a 0 00
No. 5 to 10	1 00 a 1 05	FLAXSEED,	1 15 a 1 25
DOMESTIC GOODS—		SHOT—	
Bro. Sheetings	8 a 9	Com. pr. bag	2 00
Osnaburgs	10½ a 11½	Buck	2 12½
FEATHERS,	45 a 50	SPIRITS—	
FLOUR—		P. Brandy	1 25 a 1 30
Family	7 00 a 7 25	N. C. Apple	60 a 0 65
Super.	6 75 a 7	Northern do.	55 a 0 65
Fine	6 50 a 6 75	N. C. Whiskey	65 a 0 70
Scratched	6 25 a 6 50	Northern do.	31 a 37½
GRAIN—		SUGARS—	
Corn	1 00 a 1 10	Loaf	13 a 13½
Wheat	1 40 a 1 50	Crushed	12 a 13
Rye	1 00 a	Coffee	10½ a 11
Oats	45 a 50	Porto Rico	9½ a 10
Peas	1 00 a 1 15	New Orleans	8½ a 9½
FERTILIZERS.		TALLOW,	10 a 00
Guano, ton,	$65 a $70	WOOL,	19 a 20
Nat. Fertilizer,	32 50 a $35	TURPENTINE—	
Do. ℔ 100 lbs.	1 62½ a 1 75	Yellow dip	2 00 a
HIDES—Dry	12½ a 14	Virgin,	1 52 a
Green	5 a 6	Hard	80 a 00
NAILS,	4½ a 5	Spirits	34½ a 35

REVIEW OF THE MARKET.

Cotton—About 250 bales changed hands during the past week, mostly at above prices.
Flour—Receipts light; in demand at quotations.
Spirits Turpentine—Has an upward tendency.
Corrected by B. F. PEARCE.

WILMINGTON MARKET—Oct. 6, 1860.

Turpentine, Yellow 2 40, Virgin 1 92, Hard 1 20. Spirits, straight 37½, choice 39½, N. Y. bbls. 40. Cotton 10½ to 10¾ for middling to good do. Timber, 1 raft at $8. No other transactions. During the week, last sales of Tar at 2 15. Rosin, low No. 1 1 30 to 1 50, No. 2 1 10, common 1 07½ to 1 10. Bacon, N. C. hog round 13 to 13½. Corn 55 to 66. Shingles $2 to 2 25. Oats 41—60 days. Irish potatoes $2. Flour, super 7 50. Timber $7 to $12. Nothing else reported.

At New York, Cotton firm at 10¾ for middling uplands. Flour declined; Southern 5 75 to $6. Spirits firm at 40½ to 42½.

At Cheraw, Cotton 10⅝ to 10 90. Flour 7 50 to $8. Lime 1 37½ to 1 50. Molasses 30 to 33½. Salt 1 50. Bacon 12½ to 16.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

ARRIVALS.

Lutterloh's Line. Oct. 5th and 6th.—Steamers Fanny and North Carolina, with goods for J H Roberts & Co, R E Heide, R Little, G W Williams & Co, John R Murchison, H & E J Lilly, S W Tillinghast & Co, A N McDonald, C E Leete, Jno H Hall, A W Steel, D & W McLaurin, Goldston & Brother, Jno Shaw, Murchison, Reid & Co, C A McMillan, J Martine, E J Hale & Son, M Cagle & Brother, E F Moore, John Buie, E Simpson, A M Johnson, Starr & Williams, Huske & Anderson, Geo Brandt.

Cape Fear Line. Oct'r 6—St'r Flora McDonald, with goods for T S Lutterloh, R J Greenwood, D C McAuley, J & M Lassater, R Marsh & Gorrell, G Brandt, Stedman & Horne, E Lilly, A A McKethan, H McKethan, D Murphy, G D Williams, E & L Russell, G Lauder, H & E J Lilly, W Gardiner, G T Curtis.

Freight Received per Western Rail Road.

Friday, Oct. 5, 1860.—28 bbls Spts Turpentine, 46 do Rosin, 6 bbls, 8 boxes and 3 bags Dried Fruit, 3 Bales Cotton, 1 Bag Rags, 25,000 ft Ton Timber, for G W Williams & Co, J A Worth, T S Lutterloh, R M Orrell, J F Marsh.

THOS. C. FULLER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HAS removed to the Office on the West side of Eccles's Bridge, nearly opposite the one heretofore occupied by him.
Oct. 8. 59-6t

Wanted to Hire,

A GOOD COOK, until the 1st of Jan'y. Apply to
GEO. W. WILLIAMS.
Oct. 8. 59tf

JOHN H. COOK, Auctioneer,

PERSON STREET,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

OFFICE and SALES-ROOM the large Hall recently the Amory of the Ind. Lt. Infantry Co.

A Fine Bay Horse at Auction.

AT the Market House, on Thursday next, at 12 M., an excellent Family Horse.
Oct. 8. 1t

North Carolina,—Harnett County.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, September Term 1860.

Flora C. McNeill, Daniel McNeill, Arch'd McNeill, Mary McNeill, Jennet McNeill, William Collins and wife Ann E., *vs.* William D. Harrington, Executor of Catharine McNeill, dec'd, Neill McNeill, John A. McNeill. Petition to divide Slaves belonging to the estate of Catharine McNeill, deceased.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Neill McNeill and John A. McNeill, two of the defendants in this cause, reside beyond the limits of this State: It is therefore, on motion, ordered by the Court, that advertisement be made for six weeks successively at the Court House door in Summerville, and at three other public places in Harnett county, and also in the Fayetteville Observer, notifying the said defendants of the filing of this petition, and that unless they appear at the next term of this Court, and answer the petition, the same will be taken pro confesso and heard ex parte as to them.

Witness, Benjamin F. Shaw, Clerk of our said Court, at Office in Summerville, the 2d Monday in September, A. D. 1860.
59*6w B. F. SHAW, Clerk.

Fayetteville Hall!

OPEN every night for a short season only. Commencing MONDAY, OCTOBER 8th.

THE SPLENDID MOVING MIRROR OF THE

BUNYAN TABLEAUX,

Showing Scenes THIRTY FEET in width, and weighing over 4,000 pounds, supposed by the best judges to be the finest, as it is one of the largest

Panoramas in the World,

consisting of Sixty Magnificent Scenes, with figures of life size, illustrating Bunyan's world renowned allegory of the

PILGRIM'S PROGRESS.

Cards of admission 50 cents; children and servants half price.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Mirror will move at eight o'clock precisely.

Also, exhibitions on WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS, at 3 o'clock. Doors open at 2½ o'clock.
ROB'T J. GREENWOOD,
Manager and Proprietor.
Oct. 3. 58-

Auction Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER intending to change his business, will, on Monday, Oct. 15th, offer his entire STOCK OF GOODS, consisting of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, HOLLOW WARE, CUTLERY, SHOES & BOOTS, HATS, &c., &c., AT AUCTION.

The sale will continue from day to day, until all are sold. Country Merchants would do well to attend. Terms liberal and made known at sale.
THOS. J. JOHNSON.
Oct. 6, 1860. 59-2t

Notice.

THOSE indebted to the undersigned will confer a favor by settling their respective obligations, thus enabling him to do in like manner with others.
JHOS. J. JOHNSON.
Oct. 8, 1860. 59-tf
Courier and Carolinian copy both adver.

LIST OF LETTERS,

REMAINING in the Post Office Fayetteville, N. C., October 8, 1860.

H L Atkinson, W H Averett, Sally N Autery, J A J Ammons, Argus 2, Joseph Andrews.
Miss H Beall, Jas P Bradshaw, H L Brantly 2, M Bossoux, John R Bowen, Dr C Bethune.
R & R P Crouse, Miss Dianah Collins, Wm Corbin, John Carver, Evander Curry.
Wiley M Fort, Fricks & Reader.
Robt B Guillame, Goodyear & Co.
Dr Holen, Edward Hill, Thomas Hixt, E S Hawly.
M V Jones.
Richard Loovitt.
F F Martin, Susan Maculen, S M Mills, John T Martin, A V Murphy, Eben Moreton, Wm Merick.
A McBrennon, Flora Caroline McArthur, H S McNeill, Sanka McNeill.
J J Newell, S H Newhouse.
John E J Paterson.
J Remington & Son.
Thos A Siddle 2, Esther Smith, Jas M Sellers, G W Sperling 2, Wm Smith, Dan'l Sutherland, W W & H Smith.
Rev L C White, J H & W L Ward, Wright & Rawson.
O S Yarbrough.
N. B. Persons calling for any of the above letters will please state that they are advertised.
JAS. G. COOK, P. M.

LAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale the place on which he resides, lying on the West side of Cape Fear River, ten miles below Fayetteville, and known as the KELLY PLANTATION. The tract contains 569 Acres, about 300 of which is Wood Land, containing nearly a task of boxes; the balance is cleared, and in a good state of cultivation. There is on the premises a good DWELLING HOUSE with other necessary buildings, and a spring of good water; also, two good Apple Orchards.

Any person wishing to examine the land, can do so, by calling upon the subscriber on the premises,—Lower Cumberland, N. C.
ROB'T J. FENNELL.
Oct. 4. 59-6t

NOTICE.

A Bargain and no Mistake!

ON THURSDAY 18th of OCTOBER, the place on which I now live will be offered for sale, known as the McALISTER place, containing 400 acres of land. This land is all good farming land and is pronounced by good judges to be superior to any in the neighborhood, and within nine miles of the Wilmington, Charlotte & Rutherford Rail Road. Any person wishing a bargain, will do well to come to the sale. Sale positive; terms made known on day of sale.
M. N. CAMPBELL.
Richmond County, Oct. 5. 59-*2t

Head-Quarters 43d Regiment, North Carolina Militia.

THE Commissioned and Non-Commissioned Officers of the 43d Regiment N. C. Militia, are hereby ordered to appear at the usual place of Parade, (McLean's Cross Roads,) on the 23d inst., at 11 o'clock A. M., armed and equipped as the law directs for Drill. Also, you are ordered to parade your respective Companies at said place, on Wednesday 24th inst., at 11 o'clock A. M., armed and equipped as is required by law.
By order of Col. S. J. COBB.
D. A. MALLOY, Adj't.
Oct. 5, 1860. 58-*2t

$10 Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscribers on the 1st inst., a negro boy named GOLLO, belonging to the estate of Angus Ray, dec'd. Gollo is about 26 years of age, five feet eight inches high, and weighs about 190 lbs. The above reward will be paid for the apprehension and delivery of said negro, or for his confinement in any jail so that we can get him again.
GILLIS & JOHNSON,
Fayetteville, N. C.
Oct. 4. 1t

FARM AND MILLS FOR SALE.

THEY are situated in Robeson, twenty-five miles from Fayetteville, and twelve from the new Railway, in a highly intelligent, and agreeable settlement, and in a region noted for healthfulness. They comprise a Cotton Gin and Grist Mill, with a large and regular custom, and a Saw Mill, run by a new Hotckhiss Wheel, and convenient to suitable and ample Timber; and 1500 Acres well-timbered, productive LANDS, of which Seventy-five are under cultivation. There are on the premises a NEW DWELLING and all necessary buildings, suitable for occupation by a family.

Terms low, and extended credit given. Apply immediately to ANGUS McBRYDE, near Randalsville P. O., Robeson.
Sept. 19. 55*3ti

"GET THE BEST."

THOMSON'S CELEBRATED

SKIRTS.

Novelties for Autumn, 1860.
THE EUGENIE PARIS GORE.
" CONSTITUTION.
" SOUTHERN QUEEN.
" FAIRY.
" PARISIAN TRAIN.
" ZEPHYR.

Remodeled from the latest Parisian designs. Manufactured solely by us from Thomson's Patent Improved Corrugated Springs and Inimitable Wedge Slide. Every Skirt stamped with our name and trade mark, the Crown. For sale everywhere.

The best is the Cheapest.
W. S. & C. H. THOMSON & CO.
336 Broadway, New York.
Aug. 17, 1860. 47*11tipd

FAIRBANKS' SCALES.

PLATFORM to weigh 400 and 600 lbs.
Platform, ON WHEELS, to weigh 900 and 1200 lbs.
"Union" Platform and Dish, to weigh 240 lbs.
Counter Scales of various kinds.

The above are the best Scales made in the United States. Every Scale sold is WARRANTED TO BE CORRECT.

For sale at New York prices (adding expenses) by
W. N. TILLINGHAST,
Agent for North Carolina,
at the "Crockery Store."
June 6. 24-itf

MOORE COUNTY FAIR.

THE 6TH ANNUAL FAIR of the Moore County Agricultural Society, will be held in Carthage, on the 1st and 2d days of November, 1860.

The following are the various Committees to award Premiums:

On Horses, Jacks and Jennets.—Dr S C Bruce, W D Harrington, J T Phillips.
Hogs and Sheep.—Amos Jessup, Kenneth Ray, A A Harrington.
Cattle.—Angus Currie, Sen., H H Martin, Daniel McKenzie, Esq.
Poultry.—Arch'd McCallum, Esq, Mrs Amos Jessup, Mrs Jesse Bean.
Field Crops.—Richard Street, Thos B Shaw, Jesse Bean, Esq.
Horticulture.—Wesley McIver, B P Person, H Tysor.
Dairy.—Jno C Jackson, Mrs Mary Barrett, Mrs W B Richardson, Mrs W C Campbell.
Salt Provisions.—Thos J Clegg, I H Rowan, A F Harrington.
Food and Condiments.—Arch'd McIver, Mrs John McNeill, Mrs Geo W Fooshee.
Mechanics.—Joab Cheek, Thos Cole, S E Johnson, Esq.
Worsted Work and Tapestry.—Bethuel Coffin, Mrs Thos J Clegg, Miss Martha Dowd.
Painting, Straw and Wax Works.—Jas D McIver, Mrs Clement Dowd, Miss Eliza J Smith, Miss E M Barrett.
Household Fabrics.—R W Goldston, Esq, Mrs N McK McNeill, Mrs W M Person.
Domestic Articles.—Arch'd Ray, Mrs W W Graham, Mrs Mary Jolly.
Trotting Matches in and out of Harness.—Dr H Turner, Thos W Ritter, Col John Morison.
Draft Horses.—D R Shaw, Esq, J R Sloan, Esq, W C Thagard.
Discretionary.—Hugh Leach, W B Richardson, D Davis.
Marshals.—Jas C Dowd, W M Black, W R Barrett.
Gate Keepers.—L H Ritter, L W Muse.
Committee of Arrangements.—A R McDonald, W P Martin, Miss Ann C Shaw, Miss E A Jackson.

The several Committees are requested to meet in Floral Hall on Thursday, by 10 o'clock.
S. C. BARRETT, Sec'y.
Oct. 5. 59*3t

A. W. FULLER,

WHOLESALE GROCER

AND

Commission Merchant,

NORTH WATER ST.,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Oct. 8, 1860 59-6m

REMOVAL!

THE undersigned have removed from their old stand TO THE STORE ON THE NORTH SIDE OF HAY STREET, formerly occupied by G. W. Williams & Co., where they offer

A large and well selected

STOCK OF GOODS,

IN THEIR LINE, CONSISTING OF

GROCERIES, Hardware, Cutlery, &c.

To which they invite the attention of their old customers and the public generally.
PEMBERTON & SLOAN.
Fayetteville, N. C., Sept. 27, 1860. 56-i1m

They have at last Arrived!

THOSE LATE STYLE

Handsome Silks and Cloaks

are now in store, on exhibition and for sale. Call and see them at HUSKE & ANDERSON'S,
Nos. 46 and 48 Hay St., West end Fayetteville Hotel Building.

A few very handsome sets FURS,
VICTORINES, MUFFS and CUFFS, at
HUSKE & ANDERSON'S.
Sept. 27. 56itf

At No. 34, Hay St.

10,000 YDS. PRINTS, unusually low, either by wholesale or retail.
50 Doz. WOOL and other HATS.

CLOTHING

at greatly reduced prices; together with a large and varied stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

all of which will be offered on as favorable terms as any House in the State. J. K. KYLE.
Oct. 4, 1860. 58tf

TO THE LADIES!

MRS. GIBSON respectfully informs her friends and the public generally, that she is prepared to make DRESSES in the most fashionable style, she will also cut and fit for any ladies wishing to make their own Dresses; CHILDREN'S CLOTHING cut or made to order.

Mrs. Gibson has taken the Agency for the sale of a new and excellent CHART, for cutting Ladies' Dresses. Also, one for Boy's Clothing. They are very simple in construction, and therefore easy to understand. The ladies are requested to call and see them at her house, on Maxwell Street, between the Female High School and the Fayetteville Hotel.
Oct. 2. 58tf

Just Received and for Sale.

ANOTHER fresh supply of LIME, PLASTERING HAIR, and CALCINED PLASTER. Persons in want of either of the above articles can at all times, (with short notice,) be supplied to any desired extent, at the lowest market prices.
Apply to BEVERLY ROSE.
Oct. 3. 58-3t

CHINA, GLASS, *CROCKERY,* AND *LOOKING GLASSES.*

W. N. TILLINGHAST

—HAS RECEIVED HIS—

Fall Stock for 1860.

His supply of **Common and Medium Earthenwares** is large, and well assorted.

Most of this was imported to his own order and is especially adapted to the wants of the Wholesale Trade. An assortment of

Beautiful Glassware, China, Silver Plated, and Brittania Ware,

Makes his stock unusually attractive to Country Merchants. For sale on usual terms to *prompt payers.*
August 20, 1860. 45-i2m

Southern Piano Manufactory.

RUN NO RISK! RUN NO RISK!!

THOSE who wish to purchase a good and reliable PIANO, would do well to get one of BOSWELL & CO'S

New Cross-String Iron Frame Grand Patent

ACTION PIANOS.

They have given universal satisfaction wherever they have been sold, and are considered by judges to be one of the best SQUARE PIANOS that are now made They combine all the late improvements, together with LARGER SOUNDING BOARD, which makes their tone so full and melodious. All our Pianos are sold on a guarantee for five years, with the privilege to exchange within six months after the sale—should they not give satisfaction; and we guarantee to those who purchase from us, a safe delivery of our Pianos, we assuming all responsibilities. Therefore, those who purchase of us RUN NO RISK.

A large number of our Pianos have been sold in this State and elsewhere. We name some who have purchased of us, to whom we can refer.

Geo. Houston, Esq., Miles Costin, Esq., Joshua G. Wright, Esq., Wilmington; Mrs. Banks, Warren Prior, Esq., E. J. Lilly, Esq., Fayetteville; Major Wm. C. Draughon, Luke A. Powell, Esq., Sampson Co.; A. R Hicks, Esq., Dr. Jos. Blount, Duplin Co.; E. Stanly, Esq., Kenansville. Also, Ex-Gov. Branch of Halifax Co.; Dr. G. C. Marchant, Currituck Co.; John Pool, Esq., Pasquotank Co.; and many others.

Old Pianos will be taken in exchange in part pay for new ones. We sell for cash or approved notes at six and twelve months.

All orders sent to our address will be faithfully and promptly attended to.

Address
J. E. BOSWELL & CO.,
Piano Manufacturers;
No. 5 & 7 S. Eutaw St., Baltimore.
June 6, 1860. 24-itf

THE ROBESON COUNTY FAIR!

THE Sixth Annual Fair of the Robeson County Agricultural Society, will be held at RED SPRINGS, on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, the 21st, 22d and 23d days of November next. The friends of Agricultural improvement, in whatever branch of industry they may be engaged, whether their scale of operations be large or small, are again called upon and earnestly solicited to co-operate with the officers of this Society in promoting the success of our approaching Fair. Agricultural Societies have aided very powerfully in the development of the Agricultural, Mechanical and general progressive interests of our country, and should be warmly sustained by all patriots and lovers of improvement. Our Annual Fairs have contributed much in stimulating effort for improvement in the results of husbandry; and it cannot be questioned that much good has resulted from the encouragement thus afforded by State and County associations; for aside from the mere pecuniary value of prizes, a spirit of active emulation has thereby been awakened; and they have been the means of bringing into notice the results of improved culture, thereby leading others to adopt the methods by which the fine specimens of produce and stock have been obtained.

The great improvement manifest in the appearance and productiveness of our farms, since the organization of State and County associations, must satisfy every impartial observer that they exert a powerful influence for good, and that our Fairs are something more than mere shows for amusement and to gratify sight-seeing curiosity.

These are social gatherings where new acquaintances are formed, where petty animosities are forgotten and where the bonds which unite us as a people are strengthened.

We hope the Farmers, Mechanics and Artists of our County will fully sustain their character for energy and enterprize at the approaching Fair. The ladies, *we know*, will not allow it to be said that they have been wanting in their duty, therefore we confidently expect Floral Hall to be elegantly furnished.

The Committee takes great pleasure in announcing that the Annual Address will be delivered by the Hon. J. G. Shepherd. Sister counties are respectfully solicited to co-operate with us and compete for Premiums.

P. P. SMITH,
H. McNEILL, } Com.
W. J. STUART,

Sept. 26, 1860. 57*2w

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

THE undersigned have formed a co-partnership under the name and style of GOLDSTON BROTHERS.

G. W. I. GOLDSTON.
C. C. GOLDSTON.

Sept. 12, 1860. 52-3t-*3t

Public Sale.

ON Saturday, the 20th October, will be sold at my Residence, 4½ miles from Fayetteville, on the Beaver Creek Factory Road, HOUSEHOLD and KITCHEN FURNITURE.

Seventy-five bushels CORN—more or less.
One thousand lbs. FODDER & SHUCKS, more or less.
And three PIG SOWS. Terms made known at sale.

CHAS. S. D. JONES.

Sept. 19, 1860. 55*3tpd

FOR SALE AND NO MISTAKE.

THE subscriber being determined to move West, now offers for sale the plantation on which he now lives in Bladen county. The plantation contains about 1000 acres; about one half is as good farming land as the County affords, with about 200 acres cleared and in a high state of cultivation, and about 500 acres more of as good swamp land as can be found in North Carolina: on the place is a good two story building and all other necessary buildings: as well watered as any place in N. C. Also, about 1000 acres of as good Turpentine land as the county affords, the pines unboxed. Also, about 1000 acres in Sampson county, of as good as the county or State affords, all unboxed and well timbered with as good tun timber as can be found. Also, 150 acres in Bladen, lying immediately on the S. & R. Road; this land is good for farming and turpentine; and if desired can be bought my brother's land adjoining the homestead, containing about 1500 acres of good farming and turpentine land. For further particulars call on the place or address me at Cypress Creek P. O., Bladen county. If not disposed of will be sold at public sale on the first day of Dec'r 1860. I will sell my stock of cattle and hogs and a team of mules if desired. Terms accommodating: call and see: a bargain can be had.

JAS. K. MELVIN.

Cypress Creek, Bladen Co., Aug. 27, 1860. 49tf

Valuable Land for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale that valuable parcel of LAND, lying on the West side of the Cape Fear River, (and on both sides of the Wilmington Road,) about four miles below Fayetteville, containing ONE HUNDRED and FIFTEEN or TWENTY ACRES.—About two-thirds of the tract is covered with round Pine, which has never been boxed, the balance is cleared and on the River. The land adjoins Roderick McRae on the North, and Mrs. Sidney Carver on the South. If not disposed of at private sale before the Monday of the Special County Court, it will be offered on that day at Auction.

For further particulars apply to ELIZA MOONEY.

Sept. 24, 1860. 55*3t

CAPE FEAR LAND FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale, his PLANTATION, lying on the East side of the River, four miles below Fayetteville, known as the Blocker Land, containing 640 Acres. This place has the character of being among the best Tracts of Land on the river to the number of acres. It is about equally divided between rich Swamp and Hickory ridges. Lock's Creek, a fine water power, runs through the tract.

If desired, I will also sell 2 or 3 Hundred Acres of good Farming Land of an adjoining tract. Also, Growing Crops, stock of Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs, &c.

JONATHAN EVANS.

Fayetteville, N. C., June 29. 31-tf*

FOR SALE.

I OFFER for sale ONE THOUSAND ACRES OF LAND, in Robeson County, on Hog Swamp, four miles South of Lumberton and the Wilmington and Charlotte Railroad. This Land is well adapted to the growth of Cotton and Corn; is in a healthy neighborhood, has a New Mill Site on it, is an excellent location for a Still, and no better Land can be found for Turpentine, for which it has never been cut. Any person wishing to buy such land would do well to come and examine for themselves before they buy elsewhere, for they can get a bargain.

D. T. EDMUND.

Florasville, N. C., July 28. 39*3m

FOR SALE.

ONE Turpentine Distillery and Fixtures all in good order; also, one STORE HOUSE. This is a good place for Trade, and in the midst of large quantities of Turpentine, and near enough Railroad to make a load a day. I am desirous of selling on the most reasonable terms. It is situated on Kill P. Swamp, about four miles East of Newton Grove.

SAMUEL S. THORNTON.

Newton Grove, Sampson Co., Sept. 5, 1860. 51*tf

WANTED! WANTED!! WANTED!!!

TWO or more TRAVELLING AGENTS in each of the United States, to sell the greatest invention of the age.

Salary from $30 to $75 per Month.

For particulars, address, with stamps for return postage.

J. C. GOVE & CO.
Plaistow, N. H.

July 25. 38*3m

Public Notice.

APPLICATION will be made to the next General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, for an act to incorporate a company to supply the Town of Fayetteville, with pure and wholesome Water and for other purposes.

Oct. 1, 1860. 57*3t

NEGROES WANTED.

THE subscribers wish to purchase a number of young NEGROES, for which they are willing to pay the highest cash prices. Persons having such property to dispose of would do well to call on them or address them at Red Springs, N. C.

H. & A. McNEILL

Red Springs, March 20, 1860. 3*tf

R. M. ORRELL, TURPENTINE INSPECTOR.

THOSE sending their Spirits Turpentine to me may rely upon it to have prompt and careful attention. My warehouses are fronting the wharves and near the river.

Sept'r 13, 1858. 45tf

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

At FLORAL COLLEGE, N. C.

THE subscriber has just received his FALL and WINTER STOCK of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,
HATS, BOOTS, SHOES,
READY-MADE CLOTHING, &c.

Which he is offering at prices that defy competition. His stock of

Kerseys, Blankets, Negro Brogans, Ladies' Dress Goods, Silk and Velvet Bonnets, and Ready-Made Clothing,

is unusually large. All he wishes is to have his friends and customers come and see them, as he knows the prices will suit.

E. LILLY.

Sept. 20, 1860. 55*tf

GUANO.

50 TONS NO. 1 PERUVIAN GUANO, just received and for sale by JOS. UTLEY.

Aug. 23. 46*tf

NOTICE.

THOSE that are indebted to the Estate of THOMAS ROPER deceased, are required to cash their notes.

FURTHER NOTICE.

THOSE failing to do so will find their notes after the 15th Dec. next in a train for speedy collection.

JAMES T. ROPER. } Exr's.
GREEN D. TYSON.

Sept. 22, 1860. 55-3t*

WORTH & DANIEL, *WHOLESALE GROCERS,* AND Commission Merchants,

No. 2 GRANITE ROW, FRONT STREET,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

DEALERS in all kinds of Groceries, Provisions, Fruit, Liquors, Wines, Cigars and Tobacco.

Solicit consignments of Flour, Dried Fruit, Feathers, Bees Wax, Tobacco, and Country Produce generally. Agents for Howe's celebrated Scales.

D. G. WORTH, Late of Asheboro', N. C.
N. G DANIEL, For the past 7 years with T. C. & B. G. Worth.

Sept. 28, 1860. 57*1y

JOS. UTLEY, Grocer and Commission Merchant, Fayetteville, N. C.

June 20, 1860. 29*tf

T. M. SMITH. JOHN MCLAURIN.

SMITH & McLAURIN, Commission and Forwarding Merchants,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

CONSIGNMENTS of Cotton, Naval Stores, Flour and Country Produce generally, for sale or shipment, will receive prompt and personal attention.

Refer to: JOHN DAWSON, Esq., Mayor; E. P. HALL, Esq., President Branch Bank, State N. C.

Nov 7, 1859. 64*1y

ECONOMY!!

THE subscriber keeps constantly on hand a large and varied assortment of Goods of every description,

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE,
CUTLERY, GLASS AND PLATE-WARE,
Wood and Stone Ware, Drugs, Confectioneries, and Toys,

Best Swede IRON all sizes; SCYTHE BLADES, MECHANICS' TOOLS and all others too tedious to mention.

Also, 25,000 SHINGLES for sale.
Goods in exchange for Barter or Cash.
☞ Terms, six months credit.

J. H. FARRAR.

Haywood, N. C., May 4. 15*1yr

ENCOURAGE N. C. ENTERPRISE.

WOODEN-WARE MANUFACTORY,

NEAR FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform the public, that they are now manufacturing, at their Establishment near Fayetteville, N. C.,

JUNIPER BUCKETS,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION;
HOE HANDLES;
ALSO, ALL KINDS OF
ORNAMENTAL FENCING.

And being furnished with a Woodworth's Planer, Scroll-splitting and Cutting-off Saws, Gauge and other Lathes, are prepared to execute Jobs of Planing, Sawing or Turning, with despatch and on low terms.

SPRING BEDS.

These Beds give universal satisfaction wherever used, and have the reputation of being the best Bed in use; recommended by the Medical Faculty. We have numerous Certificates from those who have used them for Boarding Schools, Public Houses; in fact, for every one who wants a good Bed, there is nothing superior.

We have a certificate from a gentleman of Fayetteville, stating that he has had in use for ten years past a Spring Mattress made upon the same principle as those made by us; that it has given entire satisfaction, and is to-day as good as new.

All articles manufactured by us warranted to be as represented, and made of the best material.

MAKEPEACE & McRAE.

Fayetteville, N. C., April 20, 1860. 11*tf

Western Lands for Sale.

J. W. FAUST, Attorney at Law, LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS. *Also, Real Estate Agent.*

HAS on hand for sale a large list of first class Lands, improved and unimproved, lying chiefly in the valleys of the Arkansas, White, Mississippi and Yazoo Rivers, in the States of Arkansas, Mississippi and Louisiana. Prices low and terms favorable. This list contains more than (50) fifty places of from two hundred to two thousand acres each. Prompt attention given to letters of inquiry. Reference:

Capt. ALBERT PIKE, Little Rock, Ark.

Sept. 10, 1860. 53*8t

Head-Quarters 42d Regiment, North Carolina Militia.

THE Commissioned and Non-Commissioned Officers of the 42d Regiment of N. C. Militia are hereby ordered to appear in the Town of Lumberton, on Thursday the 18th October next, at eleven o'clock A. M., armed and equipped as the law directs for Drill, &c. On Friday the 19th October, the Officers and Privates will attend at their usual place of Parade, Lumberton, at 10 o'clock A. M., armed and equipped as the law directs. By order of the Colonel.

WELLINGTON WISHART, Adj't.

Sept. 26, 1860. 57*3t

State of North Carolina,

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, Sept. Term, 1860;

A MAJORITY of the Acting Justices being present It is ordered, that a Special Term of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions be held for the County of Cumberland, at the Court House in Fayetteville, on the 5th Monday of October next, it being the 29th day of the month. All suitors, witnesses and others who have business on the Civil Docket only are required to attend; those having business on the State, Ca Sa and Appeal Dockets need not attend.

Witness, Jesse T. Warden, Clerk of our said Court, at office in Fayetteville the first Monday of September, A. D. 1860.

J. T. WARDEN, Clerk.
52-1t*tC

A. J. HALE,

LATE of Asheborough N. C., Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Marshfield, Webster Co., Mo., will in future practice his profession in all the Courts of the 14th Judicial Circuit.

Prompt and special attention given to the collection of claims, and all other business of a legal nature in south-western Missouri.

June 30. 31-*

W. H. & T. B. NEWBEURY,

North East Jam, Market Square, No. 12, (White Building,) FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Have just received their Fall and Winter Stock of

Ready-Made Clothing,

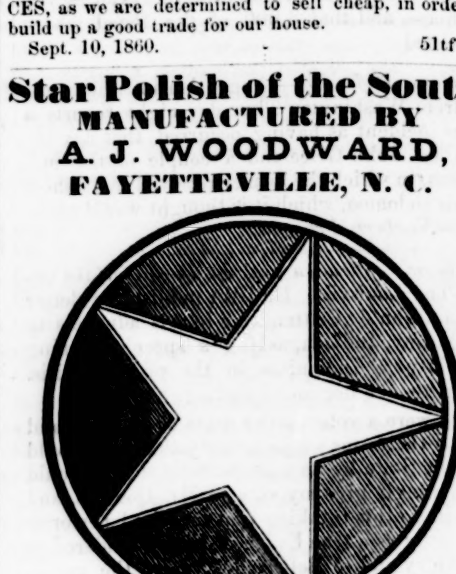
Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps and Umbrellas, Neck Handkerchiefs, Cravats, Ties, Pocket Hd'k'f's, Combs, Knives, Porte Monnaies, Hair Brushes, Gloves, Hosiery, Suspenders, Trunks, Valises, Carpet Bags, and every thing usually kept in a Clothing Store.

OUR STOCK OF
Ready-Made Clothing

is made of the best material and well sewed. It would be to the advantage of all those who wish to buy anything in the above line to call and examine our Stock; and those gentlemen favoring us with their patronage may rely on getting Goods at the very LOWEST PRICES, as we are determined to sell cheap, in order to build up a good trade for our house.

Sept. 10, 1860. 51tf

Star Polish of the South! MANUFACTURED BY A. J. WOODWARD, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.



That Polish! How it Shines. Many of you recollect nine years ago that I travelled through North Carolina and a portion of South Carolina for the purpose of introducing this Polish. As time elapsed I found that it would mould. I have succeeded in making it perfect and will warrant it to give satisfaction. It can be had at retail for 10 cents per box or at wholesale for sixty cents per dozen. Dealers will forward their orders two weeks previous to the time they wish them filled.

May 5, 1860. 15-1y

MOTHERS

Thousands are daily speaking in the praise of

DR. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL,

and why? because it *never fails to afford instantaneous relief* when given in time. It acts as if by magic, and *one trial alone* will convince you that what we say is true. It contains

NO PAREGORIC OR OPIATE

of *any* kind, and therefore relieves by *removing the sufferings* of your child, instead of by *deadening its sensibilities.* For this reason, it commends itself as the *only reliable* preparation now known for **Children Teething, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Griping in the Bowels, Acidity of the Stomach, Wind, Cold in the Head,** and **Croup,** also, for *softening the gums, reducing inflammation, regulating the Bowels, and relieving pain,* it has *no equal*—being an *anti-spasmodic* it is used with *unfailing success* in all cases of **Convulsion or other Fits.** *As you value the life and health of your children, and wish to save them from those sad and blighting consequences which are certain to result from the use of narcotics of which all other remedies for Infantile Complaints are composed, take none but* **Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial;** this you can *rely* upon. It is perfectly harmless, and cannot injure the most delicate infant. Price, 25 cents. Full directions accompany each bottle. Prepared only by

CHURCH & DUPONT,
No. 409 Broadway, New York.

BLOOD FOOD

Healthy human Blood upon being

ANALYZED

always presents us with the same essential elements, and gives of course the **True Standard.** Analyze the Blood of a person suffering from Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, &c. and we find in every *instance* certain *deficiencies* in the red globules of Blood. *Supply* these deficiencies, and you are made well. The **Blood Food** is founded upon this Theory—hence its astonishing success. There are

FIVE PREPARATIONS

adapted to deficiencies of the Blood in different diseases. For **Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis,** or any affection whatever of the **Throat** or **Lungs** inducing **Consumption,** use No. 1, which is also the No. for **Depression of Spirits, Loss of Appetite,** and for all **Chronic Complaints** arising from **Over-use, General Debility,** and **Nervous Prostration.** No. 2, for **Liver Complaints.** No. 3, for **Dyspepsia.** *Being already prepared for absorption* it is **Taken by Drops** and carried immediately into the circulation, so that what you *gain* you *retain.* The No. 4 is for **Female Irregularities, Hysteria, Weakness, &c.** See special directions for this. For **Salt Rheum, Eruptions, Scrofulous, Kidney,** and **Bladder Complaints,** take No. 5. In all cases the directions must be strictly followed. Price of the **Blood Food** $1 per bottle.

Sold by CHURCH & DUPONT.
No. 409 Broadway, New York.
And by all respectable Druggists throughout the country.

Nov 11, 1859 66-1y

DE FOREST, ARMSTRONG & CO. *Dry Goods Merchants.*

80 & 82 Chambers St., N. Y.

Would notify the Trade that they are opening Weekly, in new and beautiful patterns, the

WAMSUTTA PRINTS,
ALSO THE
AMOSKEAG,

A New Print, which excels every Print in the Country for perfection of execution and design in full Madder Colors. Our Prints are cheaper than any in market, and meeting with extensive sale.

Orders promptly attended to.

Feb'y 2, 1860. 89*1Y

RICHARDSON'S IRISH LINENS, DAMASKS DIAPERS, &c.

CONSUMERS OF RICHARDSON'S LINENS, and those desirous of obtaining the GENUINE GOODS, should see that the articles they purchase are sealed with the full name of the firm,

J. N. RICHARDSON, SONS & OWDEN,

As a guarantee of the soundness and durability of the Goods.

This caution is rendered essentially necessary, as large quantities of inferior and defective Linens are prepared, season after season, and sealed with the name of RICHARDSON, by Irish Houses, who, regardless of the injury thus inflicted alike on the American consumer and the manufacturers of the genuine Goods, will not readily abandon a business so profitable, while purchasers can be imposed on with Goods of a worthless character.

J. BULLOCKE & J. B. LOCKE,
Agents, 36 Church Street, New York.

Dec. 16, 1859. 76*1y

Notice is hereby given,

THAT application will be made to the next General Assembly of N. C., for the passage of a Bill making it lawful for the legal owners to emancipate, in consideration of long, faithful and meritorious services, their slaves, Dolly Perry and her daughter Caroline and child Luther.

Sept. 28, 1860. 57-*3tpd

BONNETS & MILLINERY GOODS AT ALEX. JOHNSON, Jr's.

MRS. TELLER having just returned from the North with all the latest styles of the season, my stock is large and consists in part as follows:

White, Black, Tea Colored and Fancy Straw Bonnets; White, Black and Colored Neapolitan Bonnets; Silk and Velvet Hats of the latest style and colors, and made to order when desired; Children and Misses' Straw, Leghorn and Beaver Hats, trimmed and untrimmed; Feathers, Flowers, Wreaths, Ruches and all kinds of Millinery Goods.

I would be glad to have a call from my friends and the public generally, as I am disposed to sell at such prices as will make it to their advantage to purchase of me.

ALEX. JOHNSON, Jr.

Sept. 24. 55-3w
Town papers copy.

TO THE FRIENDS OF HOME MANUFACTURES. THE KINSTON *SHOE FACTORY*

IS NOW IN SUCCESSFUL OPERATION.

ORDERS for negro BROGANS and BOOTS are solicited.

J. C. CARPENTER, Agent.

Kinston N. C., June 24; 1860. 39-tf

The Law of Sales of Personal

Property, by Francis Hilliard, 2d Edition, Enlarged and improved.

Starkie on Evidence, 8th Edition, with Notes by Sharswood.

Wendell's Blackstone; Byles' on Bills, Notes by Sharswood.

Adams' Equity; Brown's Legal Maxims.

Smith on Contracts, &c. E. J. HALE & SON.

Sept. 21.

Harper's Magazine for Oct.

The ECLECTIC MAGAZINE " "
E. J. HALE & SON.

Sept. 22.

GUANO.

370 BAGS PERUVIAN GUANO, just received and for sale by C. T. HAIGH & SONS.

August 27, 1860. 47tf

Mackerel! Mackerel!

125 BBLS. No. 3 MACKEREL,
50 " No. 1 Herring. Just received by E. F. MOORE.

August 23, 1860. 46-tf

Sugar and Coffee!

15 BBLS. assorted SUGAR,
90 sacks Rio Coffee. For sale by E. F. MOORE.

Glue! Glue!

25 BBLS. GLUE. For sale by E. F. MOORE.

Corn! Corn!

500 SACKS good White CORN. Just received by E. F. MOORE.

Sole Leather!

2000 LBS. SOLE LEATHER. For sale by E. F. MOORE.

Hay! Hay.

150 BALES EASTERN HAY. For sale by E. F. MOORE.

Bacon! Bacon!

25 HHDS. BRIGHT BACON. Daily expected by E. F. MOORE.

Webster's Elementary Spelling

Book for sale by E J. HALE & SON.

ROBERT H. COWAN, *General Commission Merchant,* WILMINGTON, N. C.

Office South Corner Market and Water streets, up-stairs

Oct. 13, 1859. 57-1Y

JOHN M. CLARK, Commission and Forwarding Merchant,

—DEALER IN—

Lime, Cement, Plaster, Hair, &c.

LUTTERLOH'S WHARF, WILMINGTON, N. C.

AGENCY FOR STEAMERS KATE MCLAURIN AND SUN.

April 20, 1860. 11tf

C. H. ROBINSON. H. H. ROBINSON.

C. H. ROBINSON & CO., Commission and Forwarding Merchants, WILMINGTON, N. C.

☞ Consignments and country orders will receive prompt personal attention.

March 17. 1860. 2tf

BOOK-BINDING

IN all its kinds, executed with neatness and despatch. Small jobs when done must be paid before delivered.

THOS. H. TILLINGHAST.

Opposite the Female High School, Hay Street.

May 14, 1859. 14

OWEN & YARBROUGH.

HAVE this day entered into Copartnership for the purpose of transacting the

Commission and Forwarding Business,

in all its branches, in Wilmington, and will give prompt personal attention to all business entrusted to their care. Liberal cash advances will be made on Consignments of Country Produce.

☞ Office on North Water St., over H. Vonglahan's Store.

JOHN W. OWEN.
O. S. YARBROUGH.

Wilmington, Oct 20, 1859 64-

MRS. WINSLOW,

AN experienced Nurse and Female Physician, presents to the attention of mothers her

SOOTHING SYRUP,
FOR CHILDREN TEETHING,

which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain and spasmodic action, and is sure to regulate bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. We have put up and sold this article for over ten years, and can say, in confidence and truth, of it, what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—*Never has it failed in a single instance to effect a cure,* when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues.—We speak in this matter "what we know," after ten years' experience, and pledge our reputation for the fulfilment of what we here declare. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the syrup is administered.

Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful Nurses in New England, and has been used with never-failing success in

Thousands of Cases.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve

Griping in the Bowels and Wind Colic,

and overcome convulsions, which, if not speedily remedied end in death. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhea in Children, whether it arises from teething or any other cause. We would say to every mother who has a child suffering from any of the foregoing complaints—do not let your prejudices, nor the prejudices of others, stand between your suffering child and the relief that will be sure—yes, absolutely sure—to follow this medicine, if timely used. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.

☞ Sold by Druggists throughout the world.

Principal Office, No. 13 Cedar St., New York.
PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

Feb'y 3, 1860. 89-1Y*&s

FOR CLERKS OF THE COURTS.

EXECUTION, TRIAL, and APPEARANCE DOCKETS, ruled and printed from the most approved forms in use. Also, further supplies of other BLANK BOOKS, in great variety.

May 31. E. J. HALE & SON.

Miss M. P. Newby wishes to open

a School in Fayetteville. She will be prepared to receive pupils at the McRae building, Hay St., Oct. 8th, 1860. Terms moderate.

Sept. 3. 49*180

The Fifth Session of Miss R. N.

TILLINGHAST'S SCHOOL will commence October 1st.

Sept. 12. 52-1m

The Third Session of the School

on Harrington Hill will commence October 1st.

MISS S. A. TILLINGHAST.

Sept. 12. 52-1m

Floral College.

THE Fall Session in this Institution will commence on the 18th of JULY next.

The management and instruction of the Institution will be under the Rev. Daniel Johnson and Mr. John C. Sutherland, with an able Corps of Assistants in all the departments. The Principal and his lady will continue to take entire charge of the Boarding establishment, thus giving to the School more of the FAMILY element. This arrangement, it is believed, will greatly advance the usefulness of the Institution.

M. C. McNAIR,
Sec'y Board of Trustees.

June 18, 1860. 28tf

Executor's Notice.

THE subscriber having at September Term 1860, of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for Cumberland County, qualified as Executor of the last Will and Testament of Miss Sidney Carver, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against his Testatrix to present them within the time limited by law, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of recovery.

Those indebted to the Estate will make immediate payment.

JOSHUA CARMON,
Ex'r of Sidney Carver.

September 13, 1860. 53-4w

SOUTHERN SCHOOL BOOKS.

A. S. BARNES & BURR,

51 and 53 JOHN STREET, NEW YORK,
AND E. J. HALE & SON, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
PUBLISHERS OF THE

National Series of Standard School Books.

THESE works are prepared by the best educators in the country, and designed with special reference to the thorough Education of the Youth of our land. Great care has been taken to exclude sectional or sectarian matter, so that the series is regarded as truly the NATIONAL SCHOOL SERIES. The favor which these books have received from all parts of the United States, warrants the Publishers in calling upon their friends to examine each of the works comprising this series (provided they have not already done so,) with a view of making them their STANDARD TEXT BOOKS. The lowing is a part of the series:

The National Series of Arithmetics and Mathematics. By Prof. CHARLES DAVIES, LL. D., formerly of the United States Military Academy, and now of Columbia College. (The standard of New York, Baltimore, New Orleans, Buffalo, Rochester, Milwaukee, and other large cities.)

The National Series of Geographies. By JAMES MONTEITH and FRANCIS McNALLY. (The standard of New Orleans, New York, Buffalo, Milwaukee, Newark, Brooklyn, and other cities.)

The National Series of School Histories. By EMMA WILLARD and JAMES MONTEITH. (Daniel Webster said of Mrs. Willard's History of the United States: "I keep it near me as a valuable book of reference, accurate in facts and dates." It was also highly recommended by Henry Clay, and many other of our most illustrious Statesmen and Educators.)

The National Series of School Readers and Spellers. By RICHARD G. PARKER and JAMES M. WATSON. Recommended wherever they are known as the most beautiful and the most practical Readers and Spellers ever published.

The National Series of English Grammar, Illustrated with Diagrams. By S. W. CLARK. Clark's method of teaching this hitherto dry subject makes it one of the most interesting studies in the language.

High School Literature. By MONMONIER & McJILTON, of Baltimore.
Brookfield's First Book in Composition. For Beginners. 40c.
W. W. Smith's Orthographical Books. 4 Nos.
Northend's Little Orator, National Orator, and Entertaining Dialogues. Prices, 30c., 75c. and 75c.
Kame's Elements of Criticism, with Additions By BOYD. $1 00.
Day's Art of Rhetoric. 75c.
Boyd's Elements of Logic. 75c.
Darby's (of Alabama) Botany of the Southern States. $1 50.
Brooks' (of Baltimore) Greek and Latin Classics, 8 volumes.
Wiley & Hubbard's North Carolina Readers. 3 Nos.
Parker's School Compendium of Natural Philosophy. $1 00.
Porter's Principles of Chemistry. $1 00.
Norton & Porter's First Book of Science. $1 00.
Brooks' (of Baltimore) School Teacher's Register. 50c.
Brooks' (of Baltimore) Manual of Devotion for Schools. 38c.
McIntyre's (of Balt. High School) Astronomy and Globes. 75c.
Page's Elements of Geology. 75c.
Chambers' Elements of Zoology. $1 00.
Smith & Martin's System of Book-keeping & Blanks. 75c. ea.
Bartlett's (of West Point) College Course of Philosophy.
Church's (of West Point) Calculus and Analytical Geometry.
Courtenay's (of Virginia) Elements of Calculus. $2 50 per copy.
Hackley's (of Columbia College) Trigonometry. $2 00.
W. G. Peck's (of Columbia Col.) Elements of Mechanics. $1 50.
Hanna's Bible History for Schools. $1 00.
Beers' Complete System of Penmanship. 9 Nos., at 10c. each.
Dwight's Modern Philology. $1 75.
And many other valuable works, among which might be mentioned

The School Teachers' Library, in Ten Volumes. Designed to aid the Teacher in his Professional duties.

Please send to A. S. BARNES & BURR, New York, for their DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE of all their publications, which shall be sent free of Postage.

March 1860. 97-

JOSEPH R. BLOSSOM. COMMISSION AND Forwarding Merchant, *Wilmington, N. C.*

☞ Prompt personal attention given to all Consignments, and Cash advances made on Produce to be shipped to other ports or sold in this market.

Feb. 12, 1855. 67tf

NEW BOOKS.

NEMESIS, by MARION HARLAND, Author of "Alone" &c.
THE QUEENS of SOCIETY, illustrated;
JACK HOPETON, or the Adventures of a Georgian;
CASTLE RICHMOND, by Anthony Trollope;
Further supplies of Rutledge, Adam Bede;
Beulah, the Mill on the Floss;
Vestiges of Creation, &c.

Aug. 31. E. J. HALE & SON.

W. H. ALLEN, Commission Merchant. WILMINGTON, N. C.

PROMPT personal attention given to consignments NAVAL STORES, COTTON, or other Country Produce for sale or shipment.

April 22. 11-1m*tf

E. TURLINGTON, INSPECTOR OF TIMBER AND LUMBER, WILMINGTON, N. C.,

☞ Will attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care.

April 2, 1860. 5*1ypd

JNO. S. DANCY, Late of Tarboro'. JNO. H. HYMAN, Late of Scotland Neck. F. M. HYMAN, Late of Warrenton.

DANCY, HYMAN & CO., GROCERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 124 *Pearl Street, NEW YORK.*

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March 9. 99tf

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June 27, 1859. 26tf

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March 28.—4-i6t

State of North Carolina. CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

In Equity, Original Bill, Spring Term, A. D. 1860.
Neill Malloy, Plaintiff,
AGAINST
Charles B. Mallett, Margaret S. Hooper, Eliza Evans, Charles P. Mallett, Hayes W. Beatty, and Edward J. Mallett, Defendants.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that one of the Defendants, Edward J. Mallett, is not a resident of this State; It is therefore ordered by the Court, that publication be made for six weeks in the Fayetteville Observer, notifying the said Defendant, Edward Mallett, to be and appear at the next term of the Court of Equity for the County of Cumberland, at the Court House in Fayetteville, on the 7th Monday after the 4th Monday in September, A. D. 1860, then and there to plead, answer or demur to the said Bill of Complaint, or judgment pro confesso will be taken, and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to him.

Witness, Walter A. Huske, Clerk and Master of our said Court of Equity, at office the 7th Monday after the 4th Monday in March, A. D. 1860.

[54-1t*5t W. A. HUSKE, C. & M. E.

State of North Carolina. CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

In Equity, Spring Term, 1860.
Original Bill.
Douglas P. Beatty, William G. Pearson, John S. Pearson, and Annabella and Eliza Pearson, infants, Complainants.
AGAINST
Hayes W. Beatty, Charles B. Mallett, and W. H. Beatty, Executors of William H. Beatty, dec'd., late of Bladen County, George D. Hooper and wife Caroline M, Peter Mallett, Edward Mallett. A. F. Mallett, and William P. Mallett, Defendants.

IT appearing upon the affidavit of John S. Pearson, that the Defendants, William H. Beatty, George D. Hooper and wife Caroline M, A. F. Mallett and Peter Mallett, are not residents of the State of North Carolina, publication is therefore made according to Act of Assembly in such cases, made and provided, for six weeks in the Fayetteville Observer, notifying the said non-resident Defendants to be and appear at the next term of the Court of Equity for the County of Cumberland, on the 7th Monday after the 4th Monday in September, A. D. 1860, at the Court House in Fayetteville, then and there to plead, answer or demur to the said Bill of Complaint, or judgment pro confesso will be taken against them, and the case set for hearing ex parte.

Witness, Walter A. Huske, Clerk and Master of our said Court, at office the 7th Monday after the 4th Monday in March, A. D. 1860.

58*6t] WALTER A. HUSKE, C. & M. E.